

BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Manoj Gaur, Chairman Ram Bahadur Singh, Vice-Chairman Amit Sharma, Director & CEO Ashok Kumar Panda, Director Dinesh Kumar Likhi, Director Sunita Joshi, Director Samir Swarup, Director Rajiv Ranjan, Director Alok Gaur, Director (w.e.f. 24.05.2023) Anil Mohan, Director (w.e.f. 24.05.2023)

REGISTERED OFFICE

CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250 Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant Bhilai Steel Plant Premises, Slag Road Bhilai, Chhattisgarh – 490001 Website: <u>www.bjcl.co.in</u>

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Chaturvedi & Partners Chartered Accountants, New Delhi

INTERNAL AUDITORS

M/s Ernst and Young LLP, Noida

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

CS Neha Jain Practising Company Secretary, New Delhi

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

Alankit Assignments Limited, 205-208, Anarkali Complex, Jhandewalan Extn., New Delhi 110055 Tel: 91-11-42541234, 23541234 Website: www.alankit.com

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **Sixteenth Annual General Meeting** of **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** will be held on **Friday**, the **29th September**, **2023**, at **3.00 P.M.** through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means ("VC / OAVM") Facility in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to transact the following businesses :

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023 together with the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Manoj Gaur (DIN: 00008480), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
- **3.** To appoint a Director in place of Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi (**DIN: 03552634**), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
- 4. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Ram Bahadur Singh (**DIN:** 00229692), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

5. APPOINTMENT OF MS. SUNITA JOSHI AS DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 &152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014



Regd. Office : Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant, Bhilai Steel Plant Premises Slag Road, Bhilai-49001 District Durg, Chattisgarh Ph. : +91 (788) 4022256 Fax : +91 (788) 4022216
Head Office : Sector-128, Noida-201304, Uttar Pradesh (India) Ph. : +91 (120) 4609000, 2470800 Fax : +91 (120) 4609464, 4609496 CIN : U26940CT2007PLC020250
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(including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), **Ms Sunita Joshi (DIN: 00025720)** be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

6. APPOINTMENT OF SHRI ALOK GAUR AS DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 &152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), **Shri Alok Gaur (DIN: 00112520)** be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

7. APPOINTMENT OF SHRI ANIL MOHAN AS DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 &152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), **Shri Anil Mohan (DIN: 08733802)** be and is hereby appointed as Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

> By Order of the Board For **BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED**

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(R.B. SINGH) **VICE-CHAIRMAN** DIN: 00229692

Place: Noida Date: 05th August, 2023

NOTES

- 1. The Statements pursuant to the provisions of Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), setting out material facts for the proposed resolutions at Item No. 5 to 7 are annexed herein below. Special business under item no. 5 to 7, to be transacted at the 16th AGM of the Company, being considered unavoidable by the Board of Directors.
- 2. GENERALLY, A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. SINCE THIS AGM IS BEING HELD THROUGH VC / OAVM PURSUANT TO THE MCA CIRCULARS LAST BEING DATED 28TH DECEMBER, 2022, PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCORDINGLY, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THE AGM AND HENCE THE PROXY FORM AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE NOT ANNEXED HERETO.
- 3. Attendance of the Members participating in the AGM through VC/ OAVM facility shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 4. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company atleast 10 days before the date of AGM by sending e-mail on satish.semwal@jalindia.co.in. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.
- 5. This Notice will also be placed on the website of the Company i.e. <u>www.bjcl.co.in</u>.
- 6. The Members are requested to follow the below mentioned instructions:-

PARTICIPATION:

- I. In pursuance of section 112 and 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, Corporate Member(s) intending to appoint its Authorized Representative to participate in the meeting are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution/ Letter authorizing the representative to participate and vote on its behalf at the Sixteenth Annual General Meeting atleast 10 days before date of Annual General Meeting.
- II. Members may join the Sixteenth AGM through Video Conferencing ("VC") Facility which shall be kept open for the Members 15 minutes before the

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time scheduled to start the Sixteenth AGM and will be closed 15 minutes after the conclusion of Sixteenth AGM.

III. On the date of the meeting, the Members, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and all other persons authorized to attend the meeting, may join the meeting using zoom Dial-in details as follows :

Link:

<u>https://zoom.us/j/91538268158?pwd=a3g0ZHEyT2V1UHpDWWZPQ0</u> <u>NkQ1A0UT09</u>

Meeting ID: 915 3826 8158 Passcode: 010203

For any query/assistance for participation, contact Ms. Megha Kainth, Telephone number - 011- 46098261.

- IV. In order to ensure the smooth participation, the Members, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and all other persons authorized to attend the meeting are requested to ensure that the device used for attending the meeting through videoconferencing has strong internet signal/ network.
- V. The voting at the Annual General Meeting shall be done by show of hands.
- VI. The Notice of the Annual General Meeting along with Annual Report of the Company i.e. Financial statements (including Boards' report, Auditors' report and other documents required to be attached therewith) will be sent through e-mail only and no separate physical copy of the same shall be dispatched to any member.
- VII. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- VIII. The documents relating to matters set out in the Notice including the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 are available for inspection at the registered office of the Company on all working days, except Sunday and any other holiday, between 11.00 am to 1.00 p.m up to the date of the meeting.



PARTICULARS OF DIRECTORS RETIRING BY ROTATION

Shri Manoj Gaur

Shri Manoj Gaur, aged 58 years, holds a Bachelors' Degree in Civil Engineering from the Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Pilani. He is associated with Jaypee Group for around four decades. He has vast experience in various sectors including cement manufacturing & marketing, infrastructure, real estate, fertilizers, power, hospitality, etc. including over 21 years' experience in Corporate and Finance matters. Shri Manoj Gaur has been playing an important role in the affairs of the Jaypee Group right from the time in 1983 when Jaypee Group was setting up its first cement plant. Over the years, he has exhibited leadership and resilience while upholding the values dear to the Group's Founder as the organization contributed in nation building through its participation in iconic infrastructure projects, cement plants, hydro plants, thermal power plants and other projects which brought glory to India.

He has been associated with various Companies of the Jaypee group, including, as the Executive Chairman & CEO of Jaiprakash Associates Limited, Chairman cum Managing Director of Jaypee Infratech Limited, Chairman of Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited, Kanpur Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited, Jaypee Healthcare Limited and Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited. He is Vice Chairman of MP Jaypee Coal Limited. He is also a Director on the Board of Jaypee Infra Ventures Private Limited, JIL Information Technology Limited, Indesign Enterprises Private Limited and Jaypee Jan Sewa Sansthan (a not-forprofit private limited company).

Shri Manoj Gaur doesn't hold any shares of the Company in his own name and no share is held by him for any other person on beneficial basis.

He attended one Board Meeting during the FY 2022-23.

Shri Manoj Gaur is not related to any Director of the Company.

Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi

Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi, aged around 63 years, is BE from IIT Roorkee, ME from NIT Rourkela and holds Ph.D degree from IIT Delhi. He is Adjunct Professor (Strategy and Operations), IIT Roorkee, former Chairman-cum-Managing Director of Mishra Dhatu Nigam Limited (MIDHANI) and former CEO of Utkarsha Aluminium Dhatu Nigam Limited (JVC of MIDHANI & NALCO). He has more than 36 years of managerial and leadership experience. He possesses Managerial and Leadership experience in Indian automobile Company



(Escorts), Indian Steel Company (SAIL), other associate companies like MIDHANI and JVC of MIDHANI & NALCO.

He is Director on the Board of Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited.

Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi doesn't hold any shares of the Company in his own name and no shares are held by him for any other person on beneficial basis.

He attended all five Board Meetings during the FY 2022-23.

Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi is not related to any Director.

Shri Ram Bahadur Singh

Shri Ram Bahadur Singh, aged 73, is a Fellow Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India with around 51 years of rich experience in Finance & Accounts, Cost Control, Internal Audit, Risk Management & Commercial Functions. He has varied experience of over 21 years in reputed Public Sector Undertaking such as HSCL, REC, CCI & THDC and 30 years in Private Sector Companies including Brooke Bond (a Multinational Company).

He is Director on the Board of Jaiprakash Associates Limited and Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited.

Shri Ram Bahadur Singh holds 188 equity shares of the Company, the beneficial interest of which held by Jaiprakash Associates Limited.

He attended all five Board Meetings during the FY 2022-23.

Shri Ram Bahadur Singh is not related to any Director.

STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 SETTING OUT ALL MATERIAL FACTS

Item No. 5

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 10th November, 2022, appointed Ms. Sunita Joshi as an Additional Director of the Company w.e.f. 10th November, 2022.

By virtue of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, she holds office as Director upto the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Brief profile of Ms. Sunita Joshi -



Ms. Sunita Joshi (DIN: 00025720) aged about 57 years, is an MBA in International Business Management and possesses about 33 years rich experience in related fields especially Information Technology, IT Education & Software Development, Sales & Marketing, Corporate Communications and Business Management.

She is Whole-time Director of JIL Information Technology Ltd and also Director on the Board of Kanpur Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited, Jaypee Fertilizers & Industries Limited, Jaypee Hotels Limited, Jaypee Agra Vikas Limited, Saindhar Infosystems Pvt. Ltd., Jaypee Infra Ventures Pvt. Ltd. Lucky Strike Financiers Pvt. Ltd., Quality Health and Education Private Ltd.

Ms. Sunita Joshi does not hold any equity share of the Company. She is not related to any Director on the Board of the Company.

The consent received from Ms. Sunita Joshi to act as Director in terms of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and declaration that she is not disqualified from being appointed as Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013, form part & parcel of material documents for inspection by any member of the Company.

The Company has received a Notice dated 24th July, 2023 from Jaiprakash Associates Limited, Member in writing under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing her candidature for the office of Director.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, except Ms. Sunita Joshi, being appointee may be deemed to be concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution.

The Board commends the Resolution set forth at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval of the members as an **Ordinary Resolution**.

Item No. 6 & 7

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 24th May, 2023, decided to appoint Shri Alok Gaur (DIN: 00112520) and Shri Anil Mohan (DIN: 08733802) as Additional Directors of the Company.

By virtue of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, they shall hold their respective offices as Directors upto the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.



Brief profiles of the proposed appointees are as under:

Shri Alok Gaur

Shri Alok Gaur, aged about 60 years holds the degree of B.E. (Electricals) from IIT, Roorkee. He has 40 years of experience in diverse segment such as Cement, IT, Business Consulting etc. He has been part of the cement business of the Group for 17 years and has wide ranging experience of setting up/operating continuous process industries like cement, fertilizer etc.

Shri Alok Gaur held the position of Whole time Director on the Board of Kanpur Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited and he also held directorship on the Board of Jaiprakash Agri Initiatives Company Limited, Sarveshwari Stone Products Private Limited, Sonebhadra Minerals Private Limited, Siddharth Utility Private Limited, Gaur and Nagi Limited, Jaypee Infrastructure Development Limited, JIL Information Technology Limited, Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited, Jaypee Cement Hockey (India) Limited and East India Energy Pvt. Ltd.

Shri Alok Gaur holds 188 equity shares of the Company, the beneficial Interest of which is held by Jaiprakash Associates Limited. He is not related to any Director of the Company.

Shri Anil Mohan

Shri Anil Mohan, aged about 69 years, B.A., L.L.B. Diploma in HRD from IMT Ghaziabad has served Central Reserve Police Department as Dy SP, worked as Assistant Inspector General in Special Protection Group (Cab. Sect.) for 10 years. He has vast experience in the field of Administration, Management and Human Resource Development (HRD). He is associated with Jaypee Group since 2002.

Shri Anil Mohan held Directorship in Kanpur Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited, Durgay Infrastructure Projects Private Limited and Tiger Hills Holiday Resort Private Limited.

Shri Anil Mohan does not hold any equity share of the Company. He is not related to any Director on the Board of the Company.

The consents received from Shri Alok Gaur and Shri Anil Mohan to act as Directors in terms of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and declaration that they are not disqualified from being appointed as Directors in terms of



Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013, form part & parcel of material documents for inspection by any member of the Company.

The Company has received a Notice dated 24th July, 2023 from Jaiprakash Associates Limited, Member in writing under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing their candidature for the office of Director.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives, except the Shri Alok Gaur and Shri Anil Mohan being appointee(s) themselves, may be deemed to be concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in their respective Resolution(s).

The Board commends the Resolution(s) set forth at Item No. 6 & 7 of the Notice for approval of the members as **Ordinary Resolutions**.

By Order of the Board For **BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED**

Place: Noida Date: 05th August, 2023



(R.B. SINGH) VICE-CHAIRMAN DIN: 00229692

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Members

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the Sixteenth Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

1. WORKING RESULTS

The working results of the Company for the year under report are as under:

		(Rs. in Crore)	
Financial Year ended	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	
Revenue from Operations	22.80	215.80	
Other income, if any	13.43	3.02	
Total Income	36.23	218.82	
Profit / (loss) before Interest, Depreciation and Tax (PBIDT)	(44.15) 4	(43.43)	
Interest	6.83	5.23	
Depreciation	35.06	35.32	
Profit / (loss) before Tax	(86.04)	(83.98)	
Provision for taxation : i) Current tax			
ii) Deferred tax	(21.94)	(20.25)	
iii) Tax related to earlier Year	(0.04)	-	
Other Comprehensive Income	0.28	0.28	
Extra Ordinary Income	-	_	
Total Comprehensive Income	(63.78)	. (64.01)	

2. OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under Report, the Company incurred Loss of Rs. 44.15 crore. After taking into account the impact of interest amounting to Rs. 6.83 crore, depreciation amounting to Rs. 35.06 crore, the Company has incurred loss of Rs. 63.78 crore before tax.



 Regd. Office : Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant, Bhilai Steel Plant Premises, Slag Road, Bhilai-490001 District. Durg, Chattisgarh Ph. : +91 (788) 4022256 Fax : +91 (788) 4022216

 Head Office : Sector-128, Noida-201304, Uttar Pradesh (India) Ph. : +91 (120) 4609000, 2470800 Fax : +91 (120) 4609464, 4609496 CIN : U26940CT2007PLC020250

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BHILAI JAYPEE Cement limited Except as disclosed elsewhere in this Report, no material change and commitment has occurred after the end of the Financial Year 2022-23, till the date of this Report, which may affect the financial position of the Company.

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3. DIVIDEND

In view of losses in the year under review, no dividend is recommended by the Board.

4. SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under report, there was no change in the Share Capital of the Company. As on 31st March, 2023, the Authorised Share Capital was Rs. 380,00,00,000 (Rupees Three Eighty Crores only) and Paid-up Share Capital was Rs. 379,68,48,000/- (Rupees Three Hundred Seventy Nine Crore Sixty Eight Lakhs Forty Eight Thousand) comprising of 37,96,84,800 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each.

During the year under Report, your Company has not issued any shares under the Employee Stock Option Schemes, Sweat Equity Shares or any Equity Shares with differential rights, as to dividend, voting or otherwise. Further, the Company has not bought back its own securities, during the year under Report.

5. <u>DEPOSITS</u>

The Company has neither invited, nor accepted or renewed any fixed deposit during the period under Report in terms of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014.

6. DIRECTORATE

As on 31st March, 2023, the Board of your Company comprised of the following Directors/KMP's:



S1.	Name of Directors/ KMP's	Designation	
No			
1.	Shri Manoj Gaur	Director	
2.	Dr. Ashok Kumar Panda	Director &Chairman	
3.	Shri R. B. Singh	Director & Vice Chairman	
4.	Shri Amit Sharma	Director & CEO	
5.	Shri Dinesh Kumar Likhi	Director	
6.	Shri S.C.K. Patne (Resigned	Director	
	w.e.f. 02 nd May, 2023)		
7.	Shri Samir Swarup	Director	
8.	Shri Rajiv Ranjan	Director	
9.	Ms. Sunita Joshi	Director	
10.	Shri Sandeep Sabharwal	CS	
11.	Shri RC Sharma (Resigned w.e.f.	CFO	
	18 th April, 2023		

Change in Nominees of SAIL

During the year under review SAIL vide their letter no. CA-15(46)/22 dated 30.06.2022 has withdrew the nominations of Shri Neeraj Sharma, Shri S. Rangani and Shri M. Biswas from the Board of the Company and has nominated Dr. A. K. Panda, ED (F&A), BSP, Shri Samir Swarup, CCM (Mines-Rowghat & RP&E), BSP and Shri Rajiv Ranjan, CGM I/c. (BP), CO, as SAIL's Nominee Directors on the Board of the BJCL. Accordingly, Dr. A. K. Panda, Shri Samir Swarup and Shri Rajiv Ranjan, were appointed on the Board in the meeting held on 08th August, 2022.

Change in Nominees of JAL

During the year under review, Ms. Simi Gaur, Nominee Director representing JAL on the Board, resigned from the office of Director w.e.f. 01st April, 2022 and Ms. Sunita Joshi was appointed as an Additional Director as Woman Director on the Board of the Company w.e.f 10th November, 2022.

After the conclusion of the Financial year Shri S.C.K. Patne resigned from the office of Director w.e.f. 02nd May, 2023. Shri Alok Gaur and Shri Anil Mohan were co-opted as Additional Directors on the Board of the Company w.e.f 24th May, 2023.

Proposals for the appointment of Ms. Sunita Joshi, Shri Alok Gaur and Shri Anil Mohan as Directors have been included in the Notice of Annual General Meeting for approval by the members.



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Retire by Rotation

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Shri Manoj Gaur (**DIN: 00008480**), Shri R.B. Singh (**DIN: 00229692**) and Shri Dinesh Kumar Likhi (**DIN: 03552634**), Directors of the Company would retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNELS (KMP's)

During the year under report (a) the term of two years of Shri R. B. Singh as CEO was completed on 28th October, 2022, and thereafter he continued as Director &Vice-Chairman (b) Shri Amit Sharma, Director was appointed as CEO w.e.f. 10th November, 2022 (c) Shri Sandeep Sabharwal, Company Secretary of JAL, holding Company was appointed as Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 10th November, 2022 in terms of provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013.

After the conclusion of financial year, Shri Ramesh Chand Sharma, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) resigned w.e.f. 18th April, 2023 and Shri Satish Semwal was appointed as CFO w.e.f. 24th May, 2023.

7. AUDITORS

A. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Chaturvedi & Partners, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 307068E) were re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for second term of five consecutive financial years i.e. 2022-23 to 2026-27 by the members at their 15th Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 27th September, 2022 to hold the office till the conclusion of 20th AGM of the Company to be held in the year 2027.

The Notes to financial statements referred to in the Auditors' Report including Annexure A to the Auditors report which inter-alia mentions some observations/ qualifications. The Management's reply to the same are given below:



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	iabilities in the normal course of ousiness.	AgreementwithStrategicInvestor for sale of its74%Shareholding inBJCL. Theinduction ofStrategic Investorwould cause induction ofworking capital funds, whichwould create value for allstakeholders in future.Interms of ShareholdersAgreement, JAL vide its letterdated 4th May, 2023 has givenSAIL its pre-emptive rights toacquire the shares offered byJAL ie. Right to First Refusal onshares offered by JAL for sale.SAIL decision on the same isexpected soon.
0 (j) 1 3 5 5 7 8 8 8 7 8 9 7 8 9 8 9 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 8	Note 35 of the Statement in respect of recognition of deferred tax assets net) aggregating to Rs.17,799.75 akhs on account of carry forward of unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences as at March 31, 2023. In our opinion, sufficient axable income may not be available in future against which such deferred tax assets (net) can be realized and hence such recognition is not in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 12 "Income Taxes" (Ind AS 12). Had he aforesaid deferred tax assets net) not being recognized, loss after tax for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 would have been higher and other equity as at March 31, 2023 would have been ower by Rs. 17,799.75 lakhs.	Deferred tax assets (net) aggregating to Rs.17,799.75 lakhs on carry forward of unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences as at March 31, 2023 have been recognised by the management. With the induction of a Strategic Investor, the Company would be able to have working capital funds required for the operations and meets its obligations and implementation of business plan for increase in revenue and profitability of the Company and consequently sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets will be realized.



	Note 32(III) of the Statement, no provision has been made by the Company towards (i) compensation claims for short lifting of annual agreed quantity of Granulated Slag of Rs.10,109.91 lakhs upto March 31, 2023 demanded by the supplier, Steel Authority of India Limited and future liability in terms of an agreement (ii) additional demand of Rs. 160.02 lakhs towards Dozer hire charges for the financial years 2014-15 to 2016-17 and (iii) interest of Rs. 724.99 lakhs upto financial year ended March 31, 2023 as demanded by the supplier for delay in payments by the Company. The Company has, however, disputed the claims on various grounds and filed the counter claims with the supplier. The same being under dispute/negotiation, the extent to which these claims will be settled and its impact on the loss for the quarter and financial year ended March 31, 2023 cannot be ascertained at present and corresponding impact on Other Equity and Liabilities of the Company.	The Company has not made any provision towards compensation for short lifting of annual agreed quantity of Granulated Slag of Rs. 10,109.91 lakhs upto March 31, 2023 demanded by the supplier, Steel Authority of India Limited and future liability as per terms of agreement. Moreover, SAIL, the supplier has raised additional demand of Rs. 160.02 lakhs towards Dozer hire charges for the financial year 2014-15 to 2016-17. Further, the Company has also not provided interest of Rs. 724.99 lakhs upto financial year ended March 31, 2023 raised by SAIL for delay in payments by the Company. The Company has disputed the claims on various grounds. For amicable settlement of the matter, a meeting of the representatives of SAIL, Bhilai Steel Plant and the Company was arranged and the meeting was held on 3 rd April, 2023 wherein it was decided to constitute a committee for settlement of outstanding dues. Committee has since being constituted and it is likely to submit its report by the end of August, 2023.
(d)	As Stated in Note 32(II) of the Statement, no provision has been considered necessary by the Management against Entry Tax of	The Company had filed writ petition in Hon'ble High Court of Chhattisgarh against the order
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	$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{A} + $	of Commercial Tax Department
	Rs.3,408.62 lakhs (including	of Commercial Tax Department.
	interest) demanded by the	Against aggregate demand of Rs.
	Commercial Tax Department for the	3408.62 lacs, and also deposited
	reasons stated therein. Further,	Rs. 684.35 lacs under protest.
	Rs.715.85 lakhs deposited by the	The matter being in sub-judice,
	Company under protest against	the Company is showing the
	these demands are shown under the	above demand of Rs. 3408.62
	head 'Other Non-Current Assets'.	
	During the earlier year, the	lacs in contingent liabilities in
	Commercial Tax Department has	its books of accounts.
	seized Wagon Trippler, Side Arm	
	Charger and Wagon Loader	
	Machines having written down	
	values of Rs. 609.39 lakhs and loose	Moreover, the assets seized were
	cement (25 MT) valuing Rs. 1.02	returned back as custodian and
	Lakhs owned by the company as at	for use of business of the
	31 st March, 2023 and Tata 407	Company. Hence, assets seized
	Cargo (owned by a Group Company)	are available for Company's
	valuing Rs. 4.00 lakhs against their	business/ operations.
	outstanding demands of various	businessy operations.
	taxes. The appeals filed by the	
	Company against these demands are	
	pending for disposal by the	
	concerned Tribunal/Court. The	
	appeal filed by the Company with	
	State Appellate Forum against the	
	rejection of application for the	
	exemption certificate from payment	
	of Entry Tax by the Department of	
	Commerce & Industries,	
	Chhattisgarh is pending. The	
	Management is hopeful for favorable	
	order by the Appellate Authority	
	allowing exemption from payment of	
	Entry Tax which would result into	
	withdrawal of above demands of	
	Entry Tax of Rs. 3408.62 lakhs by	
ļ	the Commercial Tax Department.	
(e)	As Stated in Note 14.6 of the	Yes Bank Limited, (YBL)
	Statement, Jaiprakash Associates	unilaterally on its own without
	Limited (JAL), the holding company	the consent of Jaiprakash
	had pledged 30% of the shares of the	Associates Ltd. (JAL) and in
	company and also signed a Non-	conjunction with Assets Care
	Disposal Undertaking (NDU) for the	
	remaining 44% shares of the	and Reconstruction Enterprises
L	company in favor of Yes Bank	Ltd. (ACRE), assigned the loan

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alongwith security in favour of Limited (YBL) as a collateral security against the loan facility of ACRE. who converted the Rs.46,500lakhs availed by Javpee balance 44% of shares pledged Cement Corporation Limited (JCCL), and invoked the pledge and a wholly-own subsidiary of JAL. YBL transferred the entire pledged assigned the same in the favor of shares in its favour. JAL has Assets Care and Reconstruction neither taken cognizance of the Enterprise Limited (ACRE). ACRE had informed the company about the assignment of the loan and transfer of entire pledged/NDU security by YBL in favour of shares of the company in their name. ACRE nor conversion of NDU The Shareholders Agreement with into pledge and invocation of Steel Authority of India Limited pledge and transfer of shares in JV (SAIL), the partner in the its name. JAL continues to show company, provides that anv the investment in its books of purported transfer not in accordance with the terms of Shareholder accounts, as the shareholders Agreement shall be null and void. The agreement between JAL and company has therefore maintained SAIL. provides that the status quo ante of shareholding in its purported transfer of pledged books of account though these shares by ACRE in its name was shares are being shown in the name not in accordance with the terms of ACRE in the records of Registrar. Further SAIL has filed a petition with of Shareholder's Agreement. National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench (NCLT) regarding this matter and NCLT vide its injunction order dated April 01, 2022 has restricted ACRE not to further transfer of shares without leave of Tribunal.

B. SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s Anjali Yadav & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary were appointed as Secretarial Auditor to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2022-23. The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed as **Annexure-I** to this Report. The said Report does not contain any qualification(s) or reservation(s) or adverse remark(s) or disclaimer(s).

The Board of Directors on the recommendations of Audit Committee have appointed CS. Neha Jain, Practicing Company Secretary to undertake Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24.



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C. COST AUDITORS

The operations of the Company were on hold since May, 2022 and the annual turnover of the Company for FY 2022-23 was approx. Rs. 22.80 Crore.

Considering the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 4(2) of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee formed the view that the appointment of Cost Auditor as well as maintenance of Cost records were not applicable for the financial year 2023-24 as the turnover for the immediately preceding financial year is below the prescribed limit. Hence, item for ratification of remuneration of Cost Auditor is not placed before members approval at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

D. INTERNAL AUDITORS

The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of Audit Committee have appointed M/s. Ernst & Young, as the Internal Auditors to conduct the Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24 as required under Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Company (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

8. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committees (ICC) have been set up in both the plants to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year under Report, no complaint was received by the Company.



9. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

A. AUDIT COMMITTEE

As on 31st March, 2023, the Audit Committee comprised of the following Directors:

Name of Members	Designation (Chairman/ Member)
Shri S.C.K. Patne	Chairman
Shri R.B. Singh	Member
Shri Rajiv Ranjan (appointed w.e.f 08th	Member
August, 2022)	

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Audit Committee met four times, on 24th May, 2022, 08th August, 2022, 10th November, 2022 and 15th February, 2023.

After the resignation of Shri SCK Patne w.e.f. 02nd May, 2023, the Board of Directors on 24th May, 2023 reconstituted the Audit Committee which now comprises of Shri Alok Gaur, Chairman; Shri R.B. Singh, Member and Shri Rajiv Ranjan, Member.

The Audit Committee discharges the functions and responsibilities, as per terms of reference envisaged under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with such matters, as may be referred to it by the Board.

B. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

As on 31st March, 2023, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of the following Directors:

Name of Members	Designation (Chairman/Member)
Shri S.C.K. Patne	Chairman
Shri R.B. Singh	Member
Shri Rajiv Ranjan (appointed w.e.f 08th August, 2022)	Member

During the Financial Year 2022-23, the Committee met three times, on 24th May, 2022, 08th August, 2022 and 10th November, 2022.



After the resignation of Shri SCK Patne w.e.f. 02nd May, 2023, the Board of Directors on 24th May, 2023 reconstituted the Nomination and Remuneration Committee which now comprises of Shri Anil Mohan, Chairman; Shri R.B. Singh, Member and Shri Samir Swarup, Member.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee discharges the functions and responsibilities, as per terms of reference as under:

- i. Identify persons who are qualified to become directors or senior management employees and recommend to the Board their appointment/ removal;
- ii. Evaluate every Director's performance;
- iii. Formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director;
- iv. Recommend to the Board a policy relating to remuneration for the Directors, KMPs & other employees;
- v. Approve the extension or continuation of terms of appointment of Independent Directors on the basis of their performance evaluation;
- vi. Recommend/review remuneration of the Managing Director(s) and Whole-time Director(s) based on their performance and defined assessment criteria;
- vii. Chairman of the Committee or any member authorised by him to attend all General Meetings of the Company;
- viii. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate for the performance of its duties.

C. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) COMMITTEE

As on 31st March, 2023, the CSR Committee comprised of the following Directors:

Name of Members	Designation (Chairman/ Member)
Shri S.C.K. Patne	Chairman
Shri R.B. Singh	Member
Shri Rajiv Ranjan (appointed w.e.f 08 th August, 2022)	Member

After the resignation of Shri SCK Patne w.e.f. 02nd May, 2023, the Board of Directors on 24th May, 2023 reconstituted the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee which now comprises of Shri Anil Mohan, Chairman; Shri R.B. Singh, Member and Shri Samir Swarup, Member.



The constitution of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee is voluntary and in conformance with the requirements of Section 135 of the Act.

No meeting of CSR Committee was held during the year under report.

10.0 <u>REQUIREMENTS AS PER SECTION 134 (3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT,</u> 2013

10.1 THE ANNUAL RETURN AS PER SECTION 92 (3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return as on 31st March, 2023 is available on the Company's website at www.bjcl.co.in.

10.2 NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors met five times during the Financial Year 2022-23, on 24th May, 2022, 08th August, 2022, 10th November, 2022, 15th February, 2023 and 21st March, 2023. The maximum interval between the two Board Meetings did not exceed 120 days as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

10.3 DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors, confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023 and the profit and loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;



- c) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis; and
- e) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems were adequate and operating effectively and the same are being strengthened on continuous basis from time to time.

10.4 NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY UNDER SECTION 178(3)

In terms of Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules framed thereunder, the Board on recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee adopted a Nomination & Remuneration Policy which is available on the Company's weblink <u>http://www.bjcl.co.in/policies.htm</u>

10.5 COMMENT ON QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION OR ADVERSE REMARK OR DISCLAIMER MADE (IF ANY)-

Management's explanation to the observations/ qualifications of the Auditors are given in **Point No. 7A** and **Point No. 7B**.

10.6 PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The Company has not given any loan, given any guarantee, provided any security and made any investments as prescribed under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

10.7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

All the related party transactions entered were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length. Form AOC- 2, pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed as **Annexure-II** to this Report.



Disclosure of transactions with related parties for which omnibus approval was granted and which are required to be disclosed in terms of Ind AS 24 is set out in Note No. 45 (ii) of the Financial Statements.

10.8 THE STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

The State of Company's Affairs is given in paragraph nos. 1 and 2 above.

10.9 TRANSFER TO RESERVE

During the year under Report, your Company has not transferred any amount to General Reserve.

10.10 MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There are no material changes and commitments have occurred after the end of the Financial Year 2022-23, till the date of this Report, which may affect the financial position of the Company.

10.11 CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information on to this conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed as **Annexure- III** to this report.

10.12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks associated with the business. It regularly analyses and takes corrective actions for managing / mitigating the same, the Company has formally framed the Risk Management Policy to identify and assess the key risk areas, monitor effectiveness of the policies and procedures.



The Company has introduced several improvements to the Internal Controls Management and Assurance framework and process to drive a common integrated view of risks, optimal risk mitigation responses and efficient management of internal control and assurance activities.

10.13 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Since, the Company does not fall within the ambit of the eligibility criteria as specified under Section 135(1), the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

10.14 EVALUATION OF DIRECTORS

A performance evaluation of the Board as a whole, its Committees and individual Directors was carried out by the Board of Directors, pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, on the criteria and framework adopted by the Board.

The Board of Directors evaluated the performance of the Board and of its Committees after seeking inputs from the Directors and from the members of the Committee(s) respectively, on the composition and structure, effectiveness of processes, information and functioning, etc. Further, the Board (excluding the Director being evaluated) evaluated the performance of individual directors on criteria such as participation/ contribution at the Board/Committee Meetings; general understanding of the Company's business dynamics, team spirit & consensus building etc. The Board noted satisfactory performance of the Board, its Committees and the individual Directors. The evaluation for the year under Report has been completed.

10.15 SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS & COURTS/ TRIBUNALS

During the year under Report, no significant and material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status of the Company and its operations in future.

10.16 ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS



The Company has put in place an adequate system of internal financial controls with reference to its financial statements. During the year under Report, no material or serious observation has been received from the Internal Auditor of the Company for insufficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

10.17 PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

During the year under report, none of the employees was in receipt of remuneration in excess of limits prescribed under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

The statement showing details of employees is annexed as **Annexure- IV** to this report.

10.18 INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

The details of applications made/proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year are as under.

S	Name of Party	Business Relation	Status
No.			
1.	Mala Kumar Engineers Private Limited	Contractor for Mining Limestone	• Petition bearing Number IB (IBC) 02 / 2023 filed by the Operational Creditor before Hon/ble NCLT, Cuttack. • The next date of hearing is fixed on 07.08.2023.
2.	Rashmi Cement Ltd.	Purchaser for Clinker	 Petition bearing Number IB (IBC) 55 / 2022 was filed by the Operational Creditor before Hon'ble NCLT, Cuttack. The next date of hearing is fixed on 07.08.2023.
3.	Shyam Coal Company	Supplier of Coal to the Company	• Petition bearing C.P. (IB) No. 25/2023 was filed by the Operational Creditor before Hon'ble NCLT, Cuttack.



			• The next date of hearing is fixed on 07.08.2023.
4.	Awadh	Supplier of Coal	• Petition bearing C.P. (IB) No.
	Enterprises		24/2023 was filed by the
			Operational Creditor before
			Hon'ble NCLT, Cuttack.
			• The next date of hearing is
			fixed on 07.08.2023

10.19 VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

There has been no "One Time Settlement" of loans taken from Banks and Financial Institutions during the period under review.

11. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board of Directors express their gratitude for the valuable support extended by the Governments of Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh and Central Government for their valuable support and co-operation. The Board places on record its appreciation to the team work, commitment and unstinting efforts of the employees at all levels for the operations of the Company.



Place : Noida Date :05th August, 2023

Annexeure - 1

Anjali Yadav & Associates

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Registered Address: B-6/32, Sector -15, Rohini, New Delhi-110089 Website: www.csanjali.com Fixed Line: 011-47067659 E-mail: Anjaliyadav.associates@gmail.com Anjaliyadavpcs@gmail.com

Form No. MR-3

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SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

То

The Members, Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant, Bhilai Steel Plant Premises, Slag Road, Bhilai, Chhattisgarh - 490001

I, Anjali Yadav, Proprietor of Anjali Yadav & Associates, Company Secretaries have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited (Hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 and made available to me, according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made there under (as amended from time to time)
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under (as amended from time to time) *Not applicable to the company during the audit period*
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under (as amended from time to time)



D-14/219, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Rohini, Sector-3, Near Ayodhya Chowk, New Delhi-110085

 iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made under that Act to the extent applicable to Overseas Direct Investment (ODI) and External Commercial Borrowings (as amended from time to time) - Not applicable to the company during the audit period

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- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) - Not applicable to the Company during audit period
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 (as amended from time to time) - *Not applicable to the Company during audit period*
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) Not applicable to the Company during audit period
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (as amended from time to time) - Not applicable to the Company during audit period
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employees Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (as amended from time to time) - Not applicable to the Company during the audit period
 - f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (as amended from time to time) -*Not applicable to the Company during the audit period*
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (as amended from time to time)
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (as amended from time to time) *Not applicable to the company during the audit period*
 - i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (as amended from time to time) *Not applicable to the company during the audit period*
 - j) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018 (as amended from time to time)- *Not applicable to the company during the audit period*



- (vi) I, further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with the applicable laws such as:-
- (a) Indian Explosives Act, 1884
- (b) Factories Act, 1948
- (c) Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- (d) The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
- (e) Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling & Transboundary Movement) Amendment Rules, 2013
- (f) Air (Prevention & Control Pollution) Act, 1981
- (g) Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- (h) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

and all other Labour Laws, Rules and Regulations applicable to the company. However during the period under report, there were no operations of the Company from May, 2022 till date, due to non availability of working capital.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standard- 1 (Meetings of Board of Directors) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) Secretarial Standard- 2 (General Meetings) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India

During the audit period, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Acts, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned.

I, further report that:

Compliance of applicable financial laws including Direct and Indirect Tax laws by the Company has not been reviewed in this Audit and the same has been subject to review by the Statutory Auditors and other designated professionals.

Based on the information provided by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit, in my opinion, adequate systems and processes and control mechanism exist in the Company to monitor and ensure compliance of provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I, further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notices were given to the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance to the Directors and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the Minutes of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

I, further report that the Company was not in compliance with the provisions of Section 203(1)(ii) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to appointment of Company Secretary till 09th November, 2022. However, the company has made good the said non compliance with the appointment of Mr. Sandeep Sabharwal (PAN: ACDPS3791D) as Company Secretary w.e.f. 10th November, 2022.

i, further report that during the period under review following changes occurred in composition of the Board of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

S.No.	Name	DIN/PAN	Designation	Date	Appointment/Cessation
1	Ms. Simi Gaur	01559528	Director	01 st April, 2022	Cessation
2	Mr. Neeraj Sharma	08208117	Director	30 th June, 2022	Cessation
3	Mr. Suresh Rangani	08553563	Director	30 th June, 2022	Cessation
4	Mr. Manas Biswas	08562080	Director	30 th June, 2022	Cessation
5.	Dr. Ashok Kumar Panda	08532039	Additional Director	08 th August, 2022	Appointment (Regularize as Director at 15 th AGM held on 27 th September, 2022)
6.	Mr. Rajiv Ranjan	09689677	Additional Director	08 th August, 2022	Appointment (Regularize as Director at 15 th AGM held on 27 th September, 2022)

7.	Mr. Samir Swarup	09689739	Additional Director	08 th August, 2022	Appointment
					(Regularize as Director at 15 th AGM held on 27 th
					September, 2022)
5.	Mr. Ram Bahadur	AOJPS4309F	Chief Executive	28 th October,	Term of appointment as
	Singh		Officer	2022	CEO completed.
6.	Mr. Amit Sharma	ARVPS1188F	Chief Executive	10 th	Appointment
			Officer	November,	
				2022	
7.	Ms. Sunita Joshi	00025720	Additional	10 th	Appointment
			Director	November,	
				2022	
8.	Mr. Sandeep	ACDPS3791D	Company	10 th	Appointment
	Sabharwal		Secretary	Novèmber,	
				2022	

I, further report that during the period under review, Mala Kumar Engineers Private Limited (Operational Creditor) and Rashmi Cements Limited (Operational Creditor) has filed an application for initiation of Corporate Insolvency and Resolution Process under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 against the Company before the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Cuttack.

This Report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure 1 and forms an integral part of this Report.

For Anjali Yadav & Associates Company Secretaries

Anjali Yadav Proprietor FCS No.: 6628 C P No.:7257 UDIN: F006628E000335220 PR Unique Code: S2006DE715800 PR Certificate No.: 629/2019

Place: 19th May, 2023 Date: New Delhi

Annexure 1

The Members, **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant, **Bhilai Steel Plant Premises,** Slag Road, Bhilai, Chhattisgarh - 490001

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My 1. responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.

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- I have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable 2. assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices were followed to provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of 3. Accounts of the Company.
- Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of 4. laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, 5. standards are the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company 6. nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Anjali Yadav & Associates **Company Secretaries**

Anjali Yadav Proprietor FCS No.: 6628 C P No.:7257 UDIN: F006628E000335220 PR Unique Code: S2006DE715800 PR Certificate No.: 629/2019

Place: 19th May, 2023 Date: New Delhi

То

FORM – AOC 2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto.

A) Details of Contracts or Arrangements or Transactions not at Arm's Length Basis - NIL

S.No.	Particulars	Details
a)	a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of	
	relationship	
b)	Nature of Contracts/Arrangements/Transactions	-
C)	Duration of the Contracts / Arrangements/	-
	Transactions	
d)	Salient terms of the Contracts or Arrangements or	-
	Transactions including the value, if any	
e)	Justification for entering into such Contracts or	-
	Arrangements or Transactions	
f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	-
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	-
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed	-
	in General Meeting as required under first proviso	
	to section 188	

B) Details of Material Contracts or Arrangement or Transactions at Arm's Length Basis

S.No.	No. Particulars			
a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	-		
b)	Nature of Contracts/Arrangements/Transactions	-		
C)	Duration of the Contracts / Arrangements/ Transactions	-		


d)	Salient terms of the Contracts or Arrangements or	-
	Transactions including the value, if any	
e)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	-
f)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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Place : Noida Date : 5th August, 2023 AMIT SHARMA DIRECTOR & CEO DIN: 00222828

R.B. SINGH VICE-CHAIRMAN DIN: 00229692

Information pursuant to Companies (Disclosure of Particulars in the Report of Board of Directors) Rules, 1988 forming the part of Report of Directors for the period from 1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2023

CLINKERISATION PLANT AT BABUPUR

Α. **Conservation of Energy**

Following steps were taken in connection with conservation of energy:-

Replacement of 20 No 36 watt Fluorescent tube lights with 19 watt LED tube light. The saving of power consumption was 0.007127 lacs KWH and Rs 0.056 Lacs per annum.

Β. **Quality Management System**

Surveillance Audit of ISO 9001:2015, 14001 & 45001 has been successfully completed by OSS Certifications in March 2021.

GRINDING PLANT AT BHILAI

Quality Management System Α.

Surveillance Audit of ISO 9001:2015 has been successfully completed by BSI India in Nov-Dec 2020.

AMIT SHARMA

DIN: 00222828



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

R.B. SINGH VICE-CHAIRMAN

DIN: 00229692

Place : Noida Date: 05th August, 2023 **Annexure-IV**

Statement of Particulars of Employees (Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

A. Top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn during the financial year 2022-23

	vadant - nament sa c⊿t	37			MEN	<u>TLI</u>
% of equity shares held in Company	liN	Nil	liN	Nil	Nil Nil Revee Reve	L IA
Previous Employment	Jaiprakash Associates Ltd.	Ultratech Cement Ltd.	Ambuja Cement Ltd.	Jaiprakash Associates Ltd.	MaaSharda Minerals Supplier Ltd.	
Date of commencement of employment	01-04-2008	12-05-2018	15-12-2008	01-12-2009	28-06-2019	
Age (in Years) as on 31.03.2023	58	59	58	57	55	
Experience (in Years) as on 31.03.2023	35.7	37.2	37.5	34.4	28.1	
Qualification	B.E. (Mech.)	B.E. (Mech.)	Diploma In Electrical	M.B.A. (HR) P.G. Dip.In Pers. Management	B.E. (Mining) 1st Class Mines Manager (Cert.)	
Remuneration Received (In Rs.)	27,77,496	16,74,012	15,62,028	14,15,676	12,27,156	
Designation	Vice President	General Manager (Mechanical)	General Manager (Electrical)	Deputy General Manager (HR)	Deputy General Manager (Mines)	
Name of Employee (Sh/Smt.)	Niraj Kumar Shrivastava	Sanjeev Kumar Mittal	Sangmendra Singh	SitaramGoswami	Sanjay Singh Baghel	
S. No.	i	5	ઌ૽	4.	ம்	

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IiN	IiN	IIN	liN	IIN
Jaiprakash Associates Ltd.	Grasim Cement, Kotputli Ltd.	Jaiprakash Associates Ltd.	Murli Industries Ltd.	Jaiprakash Associates Ltd.
01-12-2009	12-04-2010	01-07-2008	15-04-2010	01-12-2009
53	52	48	55.	46
30.0	31.1	28.7	30.1	26.10
B.Sc. Eng. (Chemical)	Diploma in Mechinical	Diploma In Electrical	M.Sc. Diploma in Environmental Management	Diploma In Cement Technology B. Tech. (Chemical) M.B.A. (Others)
11,99,364	12,97,200	13,53,960	11,98,008	12,99,660
Deputy General Manager	Senior Manager	Senior Manager	Manager-I (Env.)	Senior Manager
Niraj Kumar Singh	Nityanand Kumar	Ganpat Ram Janghel	Shiv Ram Jha	10. Amit Kumar Mishra
6.	7.	×.		10.

*None of the employees is related to any Director of the Company.

- B. Employees who were employed throughout the financial year 2022-23 and were in receipt of remuneration which in the aggregate was not less than Rupees One Crore and Two Lakh -NIL
- C. Employees who were employed for a part of the financial year 2022-23 and were in receipt of remuneration for any part of that year, at a rate which in the aggregate was not less than Rupees Eight Lakh and Fifty Thousand per month-NIL
 D. Employees who were employed throughout the financial year 2022-23 or part thereof and were in receipt of remuneration for any part of the second seco
- that year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the

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ŝ 8 managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company- NIL

Notes:

- Assistance, furnishing allowance and Company's Contribution to Provident Fund etc but excludes provision for gratuity and leave Gross Remuneration includes Salary, House Rent Allowance and other perquisites like Medical Reimbursement, Leave Travel encashment. ÷.
- Information about qualifications, total experience and last employment is based on the particulars furnished by the concerned employee. сi
- The nature of employment is regular/permanent and is governed as per service rules of the Company. Other terms and conditions of employment are as per the contract/letter of appointment/resolution and rules of the Company. ÷.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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> DIRECTOR & CEO LIMI

AMIT SHARMA

Date: 05th August, 2023 Place : Noida



DIN: 00222828

DIN: 00229692 VICE-CHAIRMAN

R.B. SINGH

CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants

501, Devika Tower 6, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019 Phone.: +91 11 41069164 E-mail : cpartners.delhi@gmail.com

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial statements

1. Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statement including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 2(b)and 2(c) and possible effects of the matter described in paragraph 2(a) in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph mentioned below, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its losses, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

2. Basis for Qualified Opinion

Attention is drawn to:

- (a) Note 34 of the financial statements in respect of preparation of financial statements of the Company on going concern basis for the reasons stated therein. The Company has incurred loss of Rs.6,378.36 lakhs during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and as of that date, accumulated losses of Rs.63,714.41 lakhs have exceeded the paid-up share capital of Rs. 37,968.48 lakhs, resulting into complete erosion of the Company's net worth. Further, the Company's current liabilities exceed its current assets. The plant operations are at halt due to shortage of working capital resulting into cancellation of GST Registration, power disconnection etc. As these matters require the company to generate additional cash flows to fund the operations as well as payments to creditors and the statutory obligations, the appropriateness of assumption of going concern is dependent upon generation of additional cash flows and financial support from the Holding Company/Strategic Investor to the extent required by the Company to fund the operations and meets its obligations and implementation of business plan which are critical to the Company's ability to continue as going concern. These conditions along with matters described below indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as going concern and therefore the company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.
- (b) Note 35 of the financial statements in respect of recognition of deferred tax assets (net) aggregating to Rs.17,799.75 lakhs on account of carry forward of unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences as at March 31, 2023. In our opinion, sufficient taxable income may not be available in future against which such deferred tax assets (net) can be realized and hence such recognition is not in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 12 "Income Taxes" (Ind AS 12). Had the aforesaid deferred tax assets (net) not being recognized, loss after tax for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 would have been higher and other equity as at March 31, 2023 would have been lower by Rs.17,799.75 lakhs.



(c) Note 32(III) of the financial statements, no provision has been made by the Company towards (i) compensation claims for short lifting of annual agreed quantity of Granulated Slag of Rs.10,109.91 lakhs upto March 31, 2023 demanded by the supplier, Steel Authority of India Limited and future liability in terms of an agreement (ii) additional demand of Rs.160.02 lakhs towards Dozer hire charges for the financial years 2014-15 to 2016-17 and (iii) interest of Rs.724.99 lakhs upto financial year ended March 31, 2023 as demanded by the supplier for delay in payments by the Company. The Company has, however, disputed the claims on various grounds and filed the counter claims with the supplier. The same being under dispute/ negotiation, the extent to which these claims will be settled and its impact on the loss for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 cannot be ascertained at present and corresponding impact on Other Equity and Liabilities of the Company.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the financial statements.

3. Emphasis of Matters

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We draw attention to the following matters:

- (a) As Stated in Note 32(II) of the financial statements, no provision has been considered necessary by the Management against Entry Tax of Rs.3,408.62 lakhs (including interest) demanded by the Commercial Tax Department for the reasons stated therein. Further, Rs.715.85 lakhs deposited by the Company under protest against these demands are shown under the head 'Other Non-Current Assets'. During the earlier year, the Commercial Tax Department has seized Wagon Trippler, Side Arm Charger and Wagon Loader Machines having written down value of Rs.609.39 lakhs and loose cement (25 MT) valuing Rs.1.02 lakhs owned by the company as at March 31, 2023 and Tata 407 Cargo (owned by a Group Company) valuing Rs.4.00 lakhs against their outstanding demands of various taxes. The appeals filed by the Company against these demands are pending for disposal by the concerned Tribunal/ Court. The appeal filed by the Company with State Appellate Forum against the rejection of application for the exemption certificate from payment of Entry Tax by the Department of Commerce & Industries, Chhattisgarh is pending. The Management is hopeful for favorable order by the Appellate Authority allowing exemption from payment of Entry Tax which would result into withdrawal of above demands of Entry Tax of Rs.3,408.62 lakhs by the Commercial Tax Department.
- (b) As Stated in Note 14.6 of the financial statements, Jaiprakash Associates Ltd. (JAL), the holding company had pledged 30% of the shares of the company and also signed a Non-Disposal Undertaking (NDU) for the remaining 44% shares of the company in favor of Yes Bank Limited (YBL) as a collateral security against the loan facility of Rs.46,500 lakhs availed by Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited (JCCL), a wholly-own subsidiary of JAL. YBL assigned the same in the favor of Assets Care and Reconstruction Enterprise Limited (ACRE). ACRE had informed the company about the transfer of entire pledged/NDU shares of the company in their name. The Shareholders Agreement with Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL), the JV partner in the company, provides that any purported transfer not in accordance with the terms of Shareholder Agreement shall be null and void. The company has therefore maintained status quo ante of shareholding in its books of account though these shares are being shown in the name of ACRE in the records of Registrar. Further, SAIL has filed a petition with National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench (NCLT) regarding this matter and NCLT vide its injunction order dated April 01, 2022 has restricted ACRE not to further transfer of shares without leave of Tribunal.

Our Opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

4. Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report including its Annexures and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Other Information as described above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance as required under SA 720 'The Auditor's Responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

5. Management and Board of Directors Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Company's Management and the Board of Directorsare responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

6. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.



Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Directorsuse of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty

exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify duringour audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

7. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and except for the effect/ possible effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) Except for the effect/ possible effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Companyso far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) Except for the effect/ possible effects of the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the IndAS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with rules issued thereunder.
 - e) The matters described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" and "Emphasis of Matters" paragraphs, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - g) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph.
 - h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure-B". Our report expresses Qualified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.



i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration covered under section 197 of the Act to its directors during the year.

- j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. (Refer note 32 to the Financial Statements)
 - **ii.** Except for the effects/ possible effects of matters described under "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, on long-term contracts. The Company did not have any derivative contracts.
 - iii. There was no amount which was required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2023.
 - iV. (a) The management of the companyhas represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provided any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management of the company has represented , that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us on the Company, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-Clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - V. The Company has neither paid nor declared any dividend during the year, hence section 123 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
 - Vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company w.e.f. April 01, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E



Place: New Delhi Date: May 24, 2023



"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

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(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the members of **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** on the financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2023)

 (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of Right of Use assets.

(B) The Companydoes not have any intangible assets. Accordingly, the clause (i)(B) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets) has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. Having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of the assets, in our opinion, the periodicity of the physical verification is reasonable.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lesseeand the lease agreementsare duly executed in favour of the Company) are held in the name of the Company. The renewals of lease deed of certain properties taken on lease/ sub-lease from Steel Authority of India Limited ("JV partner") are pending.
- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and in our opinion, the coverage and procedures of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on verification between physical stocks and book records were not 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory. However, discrepancies noticed have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs 5 crores, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the clause (ii) (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iii According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investments, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loan and advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. Accordingly, the clause (iii) (a), (b) and (c), (d), (e) and (f) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has neither given any loan, guarantee and security nor made any investment in respect of which section 185 or 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 is applicable. Accordingly, the clause (iv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts, during the year, which are deemed to be deposits from the public on which the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India or the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder are applicable.

- vi We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rules made by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of these records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii (a) According to information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there has been considerable delay during the year in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund, income tax deducted at source, royalty, excise duty, cess, infrastructure tax, entry tax, sales tax, value added tax, property tax, goods and service tax and employee's state insurance with the appropriate authorities. Further, there is no undisputed statutory dues as on last day of the financial year concerned outstanding for more than six months from the date they became payable except as given in **Appendix-1** to this report.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the details of the statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at March 31, 2023 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute are given in **Appendix-2** to this report.
- viii According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, the Company does not have any transactions not recorded in the books of account but surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company have not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year. Accordingly, the clause (ix)(a) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender during the year.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year. Accordingly, the clause (ix)(c) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised any fund raised on short- term basis during the year. Accordingly, the clause (ix)(d) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture during the year. Accordingly, the clause (ix)(e) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture during the year. Accordingly, the clause (ix)(f) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, the clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



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To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, no fraud by the Company and no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed by the auditors in form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no whistleblower complaint has been received by the Company during the year. Accordingly, the clause (xi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv (a) Based on information and explanations given to usand our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) During the course of our audit, we have considered the reports of the Internal Auditor issued for the period under audit.
- xv In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the records examined by us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors during the year and hence provision of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934. Accordingly, the clause (xvi)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the clause (xvi)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the clause (xvi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, there is no Core Investment Company within the Group.
- xvii On the basis of the financial statements and the records of the Company examined by us and after considering the effect of qualifications in the audit reports to the extent the qualifications are quantified, in our opinion, the Company has incurred cash losses of Rs.7,714.17 lakhs and Rs.6,178.94 lakhs during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year respectively.
- xviii There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year. Accordingly, the clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, we believe that material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company may not be able to meet its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date unless there is generation of additional cash flows and financial support from the Holding Company/Strategic Investor to the extent required by the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report.



- xx In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company was not required to spend any amount on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) related activities during the year under review in terms of the provisions of Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, the clause (xx) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi Reporting under clause 3(xxi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of the standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E

ANUJ MAHANSKRIA

Partner Membership No. 500819





Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2(h) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' Section of our report of even date to the members of **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31,2023)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub- Section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of **Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements based on the internal control criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('the ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate or for other reasons.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit following material weaknesses have been identified in the operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements during the financial year ended March 31, 2023:

The Companydoes not have appropriate and effective internal financial controls over (a) assessment of realization of deferred tax assets in view of continuing losses,(b) assessment of compensation claims in terms of the agreement executed with the supplier,(c) assessment of liability towards statutory demands pending under litigations,(d) timely payments of liabilities (including undisputed statutory dues) and (e) procedural compliance of applicable provisions of the Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 and Rules made there under regarding availment and reversal of Input Tax Credits and submission of periodical returns.

The inadequate supervisory and review control over Company's process in respect of its aforesaid assessment in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India could potentially result in a material misstatement in preparation and presentation of financial statements including the profit/(loss) after tax.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control with reference over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Qualified opinion

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, except for the effects/ possible effects of material weaknesses described in "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the criteria for internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on March 31, 2023, and these material weaknesses have affected our opinion on the financial statements of the Company and we have issued a qualified opinion on the financial statements.

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E

ANUJ MAHAN\$ARIA

Partner V Membership No. 500819

Place: New Delhi Date: May 24, 2023



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Appendix-1 as referred to in para vii (a) of the Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Name of the Statue	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Period to which amount relates	Due Date	Amount &Dat of payment
Mines and Mineral	District Mineral	14.54	2020-21 & 2021-22	20 th of next month	-
(Development and	Foundation	0.76	April 22	May 20, 2022	-
Regulation) Amendment Act, 2015	(DMF) Cess	2.14	May 22	June 20, 2022	-
Mineral Concession	Royalty	48.45	2020-21 & 2021-22	20 th of next month	-
Rules, 1960	Expenses	2.52	April 22	May 20, 2022	-
······································		7.14	May 22	June 20, 2022	~
Mines and Mineral	National	0.97	2020-21 & 2021-22	20 th of next month	-
(Development and	Mineral			May 20, 2022	-
Regulation)	Exploration	0.05	April 22 May 22	June 20, 2022	-
Amendment Act, 2015	Trust (NMET) Cess			10.2017	
Chhattisgarh Value Added Tax, 2003#	Work Contract Tax	3.31	May 17	June 10, 2017	-
-		4.45	June 17	July 30, 2017	-
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956#	Central Sales Tax	6.25	June 17	July 30, 2017	
Madhya Pradesh	Professional	2.29	2021-22	10 ^h of next month	-
Professional Tax Act,	Tax	0.51	April, 2022	May 10, 2022	-
1995		0.51	May, 2022	June 10, 2022	-
		0.50	June, 2022	July 10, 2022	
		0.50	July 2022	August 10,2022	-
				September 10, 2022	_
Madhua Deada-L	Inferentia	0.51	August, 2022		
Madhya Pradesh	Infrastructure	2.93	March 31, 2022	April 10, 2022	-
Gramin	Тах	3.05	April, 2022	May 10, 2022	-
Avsanrachana Tatha Sadak Vikas Adhiniyam, 2005		1.35	May, 2022	June 10, 2022	-
Goods and Services	GST-Principal	1284.25	2021-22	20 th of next month	-
Tax Act, 2017 (GST)		293.98	April, 2022	May 20, 2022	-
		281.84	May, 2022	June 20, 2022	-
		0.41	June, 2022	July 20, 2022	-
		79.21	July 2022	August 20,2022	
		0.07	-	September 20, 2022	-
	Interest on GST	157.03		Immediate	_
		157.03		Immediate	
				Immediate	
		116.63			
		194.27	2021-22	Immediate	-
		236.67	April 01, 2022 to September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
The Employees	Provident Fund	0.15	2021-22	15 th of next month	-
Provident Funds & Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952	- Principal	12.21	April, 2022	May 15, 2022	Rs. 0.37 lakhs paid on April 26 2023.
		33.00	May, 2022	June 15, 2022	Rs. 20.62 lakhs paid on May 24 2023 & Rs. 0.69 lakhs paid on April 26, 2023.
		32.46	June, 2022	July 15, 2022	Rs. 20.41 lakhs paid on May 24 2023 & Rs. 0.59 lakhs paid on April 26, 2023.
DI & P		32.85	July 2022	August 15,2022	Rs. 20.61 lakhs paid on May 24 2023 & Rs. 0.55 lakhs paid on April 26, 2023.
		32.52	August, 2022	September 15, 2022	Rs. 0.57 lakhs paid on April 26 2023.
/RM	Interest on	6.10	Interest upto	Immediate	-
است (السبة المعلي المناس	Provident Fund	I	September 30, 2022		1

Name of the Statue	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Period to which amount relates	Due Date	Amount &Date of payment
			on principal amount of FY 2021-22		
		0.76	May 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		1.14	June 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	
		0.82	July 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		0.50	August 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		0.17	September 16, 2022 - September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
	Penalty on Provident Fund	9.90	Penalty upto September 30, 2022 on principal amount of FY 2021-22	Immediate	-
		1.22	May 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		2.38	June 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		1.70	July 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
		1.04	August 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	n.
		0.35	September 16, 2022 – September 30, 2022	Immediate	-
The Income Tax Act,	Income Tax	1.26	April, 2022	May 07, 2022	
1961	Deducted at	4.34	May, 2022	June 07, 2022	-
	sources	14.87	June, 2022	July 07, 2022	-
		6.82	July 2022	August 07,2022	-
		4.24	August, 2022	September 07, 2022	-
	Interest on Income Tax Deducted at Sources	17.27	Interest upto September 30, 2022 on principal amount of FY 2021-22	Immediate	-
	Sources	0.40		Immediate	
		0.56	May, 2022 to September 2022	Immediate	-
		1.03	June, 2022 to September 2022	Immediate	
		0.31	July, 2022 to September 2022	Immediate	-
		0.13	September 2022	Immediate	-
Madhya Pradesh	Property Tax	35.99		July 2020	
Municipal Corporation Act, 1956		<u>35.99</u> 33.67	2021-22 2022-23	July 2021 July 2022	-
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Demand of Interest on Excise Duty	10.18		Immediate	-
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (GST)	The GST liability the Central Good	ds and Serv	ices Tax Rules 2017, as	reversal of GST Input Cra amended, the amount of V) of the financial statem	which is yet to be

#Amount is excluding interest payable, if any



Appendix-2 as referred to para vii(b) of the Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report:

Name of the Statue	Nature of Dues	Amount involved (Rs. in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount Deposited Under dispute (Rs. in lakhs), if any.
MP VAT, 2002	Demand for VAT	161.81	2009-10	Commercial Taxes Appellate Board, Bhopal	161.81
	Demand for VAT	20.45	2011-12	Commercial Taxes Appellate Board	20.45
Entry Tax Act, 1976	Demand for Entry Tax	220.12	November 2014 to June 2017	High Court	125.42
	Entry tax and interest thereon	3408.62	2010-11 to 2014-15	High Court	715.85
	Entry tax and interest thereon	102.10	April to June' 2017	Additional Commissioner Commercial Taxes Jabalpur	25.52
The Central Excise Act, 1944	Demand for Excise Duty	130.13	2009-10	Commissioner Customs Excise & Service Tax (Appeals)	-
		8.88	2009-10	Commissioner Customs Excise & Service Tax	-
The Finance Act, 1994	Demand for Service Tax	34.78	2015-16, 2016- 17&April to June' 2017	CommissionerCustoms Excise & Service Tax(Appeals)	1.30
		4.40	2009-10	Commissioner Customs Excise & Service Tax (Appeals)	
The Custom Act, 1962	Demand for Customs Duty	614.00	2012-13	Tribunal	246.06
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	Demand for CST	2.87	2013-14	Addl. Commissioner, Commercial Taxes, Jabalpur	
		1.50	2014-15	Deputy Commissioner, Commercial Taxes, Jabalpur	
		22.71	2011-12	Additional Commissioner, Commercial Taxes, Jabalpur	2.28
		54.70	2012-13	Additional Commissioner, Commercial Taxes, Jabalpur	
Chhattisgarh Value Added Tax, 2003	Demand for VAT	304.85	2011-12	Chhattisgarh Commercia Taxes Tribunal	
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Penalty on GST	932.99	November 2017 to January 2020	Commissioner Appeal, Central GST and Centra Excise	
Chhattisgarh Municipal Corporation Act, 1956	Property Tax and Penalty thereon	504.04	2016-17 to 2022-23	District & Session Court Durg	, –
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Penalty	217.56	AY 2015-16	Commissioner Income Tax (Appeals)	35.08

Note: Amount is excluding interest/penalty payable (if any) subsequent to demand.



BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

I (a) (b) (c)	Particular	Note	As at	As at
(a) (b)			March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(a) (b)				
(a) (b)	ASSETS NON CURRENT ASSETS			
(b)		24	20 102 25	41.076
	Property, Plant and Equipment	3A	38,103.35	41,876.4
(c)	Capital Work-in-Progress	3B	298.88	209.3
	Right of Use Assets	3A	810.25	920.88
(d)	Financial Assets			
	(i) Others Financial Assets	4	821.03	1,506.63
(e)	Deferred Tax Assets [Net]	5	17,799.75	15,615.9
(f)	Non-Current Tax Assets [Net]	6	7.25	15.74
(g)	Other Non-Current Assets	7	1,452.63	1,479.4
ľ	Total Non-Current Assets	1	59,293.14	61,624.43
II	CURRENT ASSETS]		
(a)	Inventories	8	1,487.45	1,729.62
(b)	Financial Assets	-		.,
(0)	(i) Trade Receivables	9	6.42	8.2
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	237.77	281.56
	(iii) Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	0.10	0.68
	(iv) Others Financial Assets	11	9.82	
				6.50
(c)	Other Current Assets	13	1,501.74	1,363.03
	Total Current Assets		3,243.30	3,389.60
	Total Assets		62,536.44	65,014.03
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	14	37,968.48	37,968.48
(b)	Other Equity	15	(59,424.54)	(53,046.18
•	Total Equity		(21,456.06)	(15,077.70
ľ	LIABILITIES			
I	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	(i) Lease Liabilities	16	135.37	144.1
<i>a</i> .			943.40	144.1
(b)	Provisions	17		886.5
(c)	Other Non-Current Liabilities	18	46,526.53	42,339.1
	Total Non-Current Liabilities	4	47,605.30	43,369.82
II	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a)	Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings		-	-
	(ii) Lease Liabilities	19	62.47	45.9
	(iii)Trade Payables	20		
	Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises			
	and Small Enterprises		-	-
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other			
	than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises		16,628.53	16,577.1
	(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	21	1,987.61	1,652.0
(b)	Other Current Liabilities	22	17,129.97	17,886.2
(c)	Provisions	23	578.62	560.5
	Total Current Liabilities		36,387.20	36,721.9
ŀ	rotar current Liddiffiles	4	30,307.20	30,721.9
	TOTAL EQUITY and LIABILITIES	+	62,536.44	65,014.0

The accompanying notes and accounting policies forming an integral part of these financial statements 1-54

As per our Report of even date

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E

Anuj Mahansaria

Partner M No 500819





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Sandeep Sabharwal Company Secretary ACS 8370

For and on behalf of Board

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Manoj Gaur Director DIN 00008480

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Amit Sharma Director & C.E.O. DIN 00222828

Ram Bahadur Singh

Vice Chairman DIN 00229692

Satish Semwal Chief Financial Officer

BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Note	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2022
I. Revenue from Operations	24	2,280.39	21,580.26
II. Other Income	25	1,342.60	301.79
III. Total Income(I+II)		3,622.99	21,882.05
IV. Expenses			
Cost of Materials Consumed	26	261.61	3,481.95
Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Work-in-Progress	27	(60.40)	
Employee Benefits Expense	27 28	(60.40) 2,822.85	365.46
Finance Costs	20	683.08	2,946.20 523.04
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	30	3,506.05	3,531.86
Other Expenses	31	5,013.81	19,431.29
Total Expenses (IV)		12,227.00	30,279.80
V. Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (III-IV)	-	(8,604.01)	(8,397.75)
VI. Exceptional items		-	-
VII. Profit before Tax		(8,604.01)	(8,397.75)
VIII. Tax Expense	40		· ·
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax		(2,193.70)	(2,025.49)
Tax related to earlier years		(3.67)	-
Total Tax Expense		(2,197.37)	(2,025.49)
IX. Profit/(Loss) for the year (VII-VIII)		(6,406.64)	(6,372.26)
X. Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) (a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
-Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	39	38.21	(37.71)
(b) Income Tax relating to items that will not be			
reclassified to profit or loss	40	(9.93)	9.80
(ii) (a) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
(b) Income Tax relating to items that will be			
reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year		28.28	(27.91)
XI. Total Comprehensive Income for the year (IX+X)		(6,378.36)	(6,400.17)
XII. Earnings per share (Face Value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic	52	(1.69)	(1.68)
Diluted	52	(1.69)	(1.68)

The accompanying notes and accounting policies forming an integral part of these financial statements 1-54

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As per our Report of even date

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration No 307068E EDIR CHARTERED ₹M 1 Anu Mahansari

Partner M No 500819

Place : New Delhi Dated : May 24, 2023

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Sandeep Sabharwal Company Secretary ACS 8370

For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Gaur Director (Chairman) DIN 00008480

Amit Sharma Director & C.E.O. DIN 00222828

< Ram Bahadur Singh Vice Chairman DIN 00229692

Satish Semwal Chief Grancial Officer 1

56 BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LTD. CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	For the Year ended	(Rs. in lakhs) For the Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
A.Cash flow from Operating Activities		
Profit/(Loss) before Tax and Exceptional Items	(8,604.01)	(8,397.75
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation and Amortisation expense	3,506.05	3,531.86
Interest Income	(45.96)	(44.07
iabilities/Provisions no longer required, written back	(1,291.19)	(233.58
Profit)/ loss on disposal/discard of Property, plant and equipment	372.90	(10.7)
Advance/Receivables written off	67.76	18.01
Gain on cancellation of leases	(0.18)	-
Finance Costs	683.08	523.04
Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capital changes Changes in Working Capital :	(5,311.55)	(4,613.20
(Increase)/decrease in Inventories	242.17	686.08
(Increase)/decrease in Trade receivables	(0.71)	0.93
(Increase)/decrease in Other financial assets	708.48	(325.32
Increase)/decrease in Other current/ non-current assets	(269.56)	(17.68
Increase/(decrease) in trade payable and other financial liabilities	2,096.31	7,776.84
ncrease/(decrease) in Other current/non-current liabilities and provisions	3,138.59	(2,663.95
Cash generated from Operating Activities	603.73	843.70
Direct Tax refund/(paid)(net)	(22.92)	(8.13
Net Cash generated from Operating Activities	580.81	835.57
B. Cash flow from Investing Activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment(including capital advances and Capital Work-in-		
Progress)	(9.31)	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipments	-	10.71
Increase)/ decrease in Term Deposit with Bank	(0.21)	-
interest received	20.54	28.34
Net cash generated from Investing Activities	11.02	39.05
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities		
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(0.36)	(6.03
nterest paid	(635.26)	(969.22
Net cash (used in) Financing Activities	(635.62)	(975.25
<pre>vet increase / (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)</pre>	(43.79)	(100.63
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	281.56	382.1
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	237.77	281.56
. Cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in Ind AS - 7	'Statemnt of Cash Flows'.	
 Figures in bracket represents cash outflow. Cash and Cash Equivalents include: 		
 Cash and Cash Equivalents include: Cash on Hand 	4.00	
Balance with Banks	4.00	3.23
- In Current Accounts	233.77	278.3
	237.77	281.56

The accompanying notes and accounting policies forming an integral part of these financial statements 1-54

As per our Report of even date For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E EDI& M ANUJ MAHANSARIA CHARTERED Partner ACCOUNTANTS 4 M No 500819 Sollow Å Sandeep Sabharwal Company Secretary

ACS 8370

For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Gaur Director DIN 00008480

Amit Sharma Director & C.E.O. DIN 00222828

Ram Bahadur Singh Vice Chairman DIN 00229692

Satish Semwal Chief Hiráncial Officer

Place : New Delhi Dated : May 24, 2023

BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Number of shares	(Rs. in lakhs Amount
Balance as at April 01, 2021	379,684,800	37,968.48
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	379,684,800	37,968.48
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2023	379,684,800	37,968.48

B. Other Equity

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Reserves and	l Surplus		
	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Items of Other Comprehensive Income	Total
As at April 01, 2021	4,289.87	(50,930.83)	(5.05)	(46,646.01)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(6,372.26)	-	(6,372.26)
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans (net)	-	-	(27.91)	(27.91)
As at March 31, 2022	4,289.87	(57,303.09)	(32.96)	(53,046.18)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	(6,406.64)	-	(6,406.64)
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans (net)	-	-	28.28	28.28
As at March 31, 2023	4,289.87	(63,709.73)	(4.68)	(59,424.54)

The accompanying notes and accounting policies forming an integral part of these financial statements 1-54

As per our report of even date

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 30/068E DIR 1 N Anuj Mahansar CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS 4 Partner M No 500819 冷

Sandeep Sabharwal Company Secretary ACS 8370

Manoj Gaur Director DIN 00008480

X, Amit Sharma Director & C.E.O. DIN 00222828

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ram Bahadur Singh Vice Chairman DIN 00229692

Satisty Semwal Chief Phancial Officer

Place : New Delhi Dated : May 24, 2023 BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

1. Company Overview

Bhilai Jaypee Cement Limited (the Company) having its registered office at Bhilai Jaypee Grinding Plant, Bhilai Steel Plant Premises, Slag Road, Bhilai-490001, District Durg, Chhattisgarh, India, is a Public Limited Company domiciled in India and is incorporated in India under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. The company is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of Cement and Clinker. The company has its manufacturing facilities in India for sale of product in India and outside India.

2. Significant Accounting policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and the relevant provisions of Companies Act, 2013 as applicable.

2.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and presentation requirements of Division II to Schedule III to the Act under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

2.3 Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures as at date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses for the years presented. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Although these estimates are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical Judgments: In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Estimation of Defined benefit obligation: Management's estimate of the defined benefit obligation is based on a number of underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Valuation in these assumptions may significantly impact the defined benefit obligation amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments: Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participates would price the instrument.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Contingences and commitments: In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigations and other claims against the Company. Where the potential liabilities have a low probability of crystallizing or are very difficult to quantify reliably, company treat them as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not provided for in the financial statements. Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legal proceedings, the company do not expect them to have a materially adverse impact on the financial position or profitability.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Income tax: The Company's tax jurisdiction is India. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income tax, including amount expected to be paid / recovered for uncertain tax positions and adjustment of deferred tax assets against future taxable income.

Useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets): The Company reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets) at the end of each reporting period. During the current financial year, the management determined that there were no changes to the useful lives and residual values of the Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use Assets).

Allowances for doubtful debts/advances: The Company makes allowances for doubtful debts/advances based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. The identification of doubtful debts requires use of judgment and estimates.

2.4 Operating Cycle and Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ noncurrent classification in accordance with Part-I of Division- II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

An asset is treated as current when it (a) Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle; (b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading; or (c) Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or (d) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when (a) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle; or (b) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading; or (c) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or (d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, results in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification. The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.



BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

2.5 Revenue recognition

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of cement and cement related products (i.e. clinker).

The Company is recognizing the revenue in the manner provided in Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" on the basis of five step application approach as given below:

- Identify the contract(s) with a customer;
- Identify the performance obligations;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations;
- Recognize revenue when or as an entity satisfies performance obligation.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized at the point in time when control is transferred to the customer which is usually on dispatch/delivery as per contract.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for volume discounts, rebates, scheme allowances, price concessions, incentives, and returns, if any, as specified in the contracts with the customers. Revenue excludes taxes collected from customers on behalf of the government. Accruals for discounts/incentives and returns are estimated (using the most likely method) based on accumulated experience and underlying schemes and agreements with customers. Swap sales of clinker(excluding freight) are netted from Revenue from Operation as there is no commercial value of the same.Due to the short nature of credit period given to customers, there is no financing component in the contract.

Advance from customer does not have a significant financing component as the timing of the transfer of goods is at the discretion of the customer and is disclosed as Non-Current/ Current liability on the basis of the agreement with the customer considering the supply schedule of the goods.

Cost to obtain a contract

The Company pays sales commission to its selling agents for contracts that they obtain for the Company. The Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract which allows the Company to immediately expense sales commissions (included in selling and distribution expense under other expenses).

Costs to fulfill a contract i.e., freight, insurance and other selling expenses are recognized as an expense in the period in which related revenue is recognized.

Other Income

Interest Income:Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

2.6 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are those components of the business whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision making body in the Company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation. Operating Segment are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to accounting policies are in line with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.



2.7 Foreign Currencies

Functional and presentation Currencies: The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Transactions and translations: Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit/loss for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are initially recognized at cost. The initial cost of PPE comprises its purchase price, including non-refundable duties and taxes net of any trade discounts and rebates. The cost of PPE includes interest on borrowings (borrowing cost) directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets subsequent to initial recognition, PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (other than freehold land, which are stated at cost) and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and capital work in progress) less their residual values over the useful lives, using the straightline method ("SLM") in the manner prescribed in schedule II to the Act. Management believes based on a technical evaluation (which is based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.) that the useful lives of the assets as considered by the company reflect the periods over which these assets are expected to be used. Such classes of assets and their estimated useful lives are as under:

S. No.	Nature of Asset/Component of an Assets	Useful life of assets/components of assets		
1	Building	30-60 years		
2	Plant and Equipment	25 years		
3	Electrical Equipment	10 years		
4	Railway Sidings	15 years		
5	Water Tank, Pipe line& Installation	10 years		
6	Furniture and Fixtures	10 years		
7	Office Equipment	3-10 years		
8	Vehicles	8-10 years		



The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

2.9 Capital work-in-progress and intangible assets under development

Capital work-in-progress/intangible assets under development are carried at cost. comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost.

Intangible assets 2.10

Intangible assets are measured on initial recognition at cost and subsequently are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

The Company amortizes intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over the useful lives determined by the terms of the agreement /contract. The estimated useful life is reviewed annually by the management.

2.11 **Impairment of Assets**

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Financial assets: The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its financial assets. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments. which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) and Intangible assets: PPE and Intangible assets with finite life are evaluated for recoverability whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e., higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount and impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Assets that suffered mpairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each Z eporting period.

2.12 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax: Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the tax amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted in India, at the reporting date. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are off set when there is a legally enforceable right to set the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Interest expenses and penalties, if any, related to income tax are included in finance cost and other expenses respectively. Interest Income, if any, related to income tax is included in other income.

The Company periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax: Deferred tax is recognized using the Balance Sheet approach. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that either future taxable profits or reversal of deferred tax liabilities will be available, against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Minimum Alternate Tax(MAT) credit is recognized as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

2.13 Leases

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.



Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. The Company's lease assets primarily consist of leases for land and buildings.

The Company as a Lessee:

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Certain lease arrangements include the options to extend or terminate the lease before the

end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. Right of use assets is evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company change its assessment due to extension, termination or modification in the agreement.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

2.14 Inventories

Raw Materials and stores and spares parts are valued at lower of cost on Weighted Average Cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished product in which they will be incorporated/ use are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost of raw materials and stores and spares is determined on weighted average cost method.

Work in progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost on Weighted Average Cost and net realizable value. Cost includes direct material, labor, cost of conversion and other overheads incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition.

Saleable scrap, whose cost is not identifiable, is valuated at net realizable value.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion/costs necessary to make the sale.

2.15 Fair Value Measurement



The Company, if need be, measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received on sell of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 -Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of reporting period.

At each reporting date, the Management analysis the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarizes accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

2.16 Non-derivative Financial Instruments

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value threasured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

a. Financial Assets

Cash and cash equivalents: The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks, cash on hand etc.

Trade Receivables and Loans: Trade receivables and loans are initially recognized at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

Debt Instruments: Debt instruments are initially measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVOCI') or fair value through profit or loss ('FVTPL') till derecognition on the basis of (i) the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and (ii) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Equity Instruments: All investments in equity instruments classified under financial assets are initially measured at fair value; the Company may, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

b. Financial assets – Subsequent measurement

Financial assets at amortized cost: Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI): Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows that give rise on specified dates to solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and by selling financial assets.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss.

c. Financial liabilities

All Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loan and borrowings directly attributable transaction cost are netted from fair value.

d. Financial liabilities - Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective rate of interest. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, carrying amounts approximate the fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Loans and borrowings: After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost on accrual basis using the effective rate of interest.



e. Derecognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of financial liabilities) is derecognized from the company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

On derecognizing of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received or receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

f. Reclassification of financial assets

The company reclassify all affected financial assets prospectively when, and only when company changes its business model for managing financial assets but financial liability is not reclassified in any case.

g. Off-setting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in financial statements if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

h. Impairment of financial assets

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company measures the expected credit loss associated with its assets based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the equity operates or any other appropriate basis.

2.17 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2.18 Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits i.e. wages and salaries, bonus, incentive, annual leave etc. expected to be paid in exchange for the service rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period when the employee renders the services.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Post employment benefit plans

Defined Contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution schemes such as employees' state insurance, labour welfare fund, employee pension scheme etc. are charged as an expense based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees. Company's provident fund contribution is made to a government administered fund and charged as an expense to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The above benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company has no further defined obligations beyond the monthly contributions.

Defined benefit plans:

The Company operates defined benefit plan in the form of gratuity. The liability or asset recognized in the balance sheet in respect of its defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the said obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash out flows, using market yields of government bonds that have tenure approximating the tenures of the related liability.

The interest expenses are calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognized in the Statement of Profit and loss.

The Company fully contributes all ascertained liabilities to the Trust of the Group Companies and Trustees is investing the contributions in the policy taken from SBI Life.

Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in other comprehensive income (OCI) in the Statement of Changes in Equity and in the Balance Sheet. Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in statement of profit and loss as past service cost.

Compensated Absences

The employees are entitled to accumulate leave subject to certain limits, for future encashment and availment, as per the policy of the Company. The liability towards such unutilized leave as at the yearend is determined based on independent actuarial valuation and recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The classification of the company's net obligation into current and non- current is as per the actuarial valuation report.

The Company treats accumulated leaves expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the end of each financial year. The Company presents the leave as current liability in the balance sheet; to the extent it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement beyond 12 months after the reporting date. Where the Company has unconditional legal and contractual right to defer the settlement for the period beyond 12 months, the same is presented as non-current liability.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

2.19 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment wherever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

2.20 Exceptional Items

Items of income or expense from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company are disclosed as Exceptional items in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.21 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at net of transition costs incurred and measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the prospects (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method.

Preference shares, which are mandatorily redeemable on a specific date, are classified as liabilities. The dividend on these preference shares is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

2.22 Mine Restoration Expenses

The company provides for the expenditure to reclaim the quarries used for mining based on the estimated expenditure required to be made towards restoration and rehabilitation at the time of vacation of mines. Costs arising from restoration and rehabilitation at closure of the mines are assessed at each Balance Sheet date and the provision if any required is made in the financial statements so as to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and risks.

2.23 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of Ordinary equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is computed by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to the ordinary equity shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary equity shares, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary equity shares.



Onerous Contract

The Company does recognize and measure as a provision the present obligation under an penerous contract, an onerous contract being a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceeds the economics benefits expected to be received under it.

2.25 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted to reflect its present value using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance costs.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognize in financial statements but are disclosed, since the former treatment may result in the recognition of income that may or may not be realized. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

2.26 Event after reporting date

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the Financial Statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

2.27 Recent Accounting Developments

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

- 1. Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is expected to be insignificant on the financial statements.
- 2. Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and distinguishes changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is expected to be insignificant on the financial statements.
- 3. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statements.



8)
BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250 Note forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 3A. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

				Pre	Property, Plant and Equipment	1 Equipment					ſ	(Rs.	(Rs. in takhs)
Particulars	Land Freehold	Buildings	Plant & Machinery	Electrical Installation	Water Tank, Pipe Line &	Railway Siding	Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipments	Total	Building	Land Land Leasehold	Total
Gross Block												111 22	
As at April 01, 2021	1,385.02	5,327.62	75,463.86	321.41	33.70	4,580.73	119.25	145.19	473.38	87,850.16	13.64	1,591.52	1,605.16
Additions during the year	e	•	•		•	557.81		•	-	\$57,81	3.18	81.91	85.09
Deduction/adjustment during the													
year	-	•	-	•	•	-	1	1	•	-	•	•	1
As at March 31, 2022	1,385.02	5,327.62	75,463.86	321.41	33.70	5,138.54	119.25	145.19	473.38	88,407.97	16.82	1,673.43	1,690.25
Additions during the year	•	•	t		1	1	1	•	0.38	0.38	1.16		1.16
Deduction/adjustment during the													
year	1	•	(933.65)		-	•	(3.00)	(2.69)	(30.32)	(969.66)	(17.98)	- -	(17.98)
As at March 31, 2023	1,385.02	5,327.62	74,530.21	321.41	33.70	5,138.54	116.25	142.50	443.44	87,438.69	1	1,673.43	1,673.43
Accumulated Depreciation													
As at April 01, 2021	•	2,512.00	37,253.01	193.61	21.94	2,552.70	113.24	138.36	367.57	43,152.43		613.11	616.64
Depreciation for the year	•	173.83	2831.37	18.87	2.79	343.93	0.00	0.79	7.55	3,379.13	5.45	147.28	152.73
Deduction/adjustment during the													
year	•	•					•	·	•	*		-	
As at March 31, 2022	•	2,685.83	40,084.38	212.48	24.73	2,1	113.24	139.15	37	46,531.56		760.39	769.37
Depreciation for the year	I	127.35	2,820.17	18.66	0.92	426.87	0.00	0.34	6.23	3,400.54	2.72	102.79	105.51
Deduction/adjustment during the													
year	1	•	(562.72)	-	•	-	(2.85)	(2.63)	(28.56)	(596.76)	(11.70)		(11.70)
As at March 31, 2023	-	2,813.18	42,341.83	231.14	25.65	3,323.50	110.39	136.86	352.79	49,335.34	1	863.18	863.18
Net Block													
As at March 31, 2023	1,385.02	2,514.44	32,188.38	90.27	8.05	1,815.04	5.86	5.64	90.65	38,103.35		810.25	810.25
As at March 31, 2022	1,385.02	2,641.79	35,379.48	108.93	8.97	2,241.91	6.01	6.04	98.26	41,876.41	7.84	913.04	920.88

1. Refer Note- 32(II) for detail note on seizure of Assets by the Commercial Tax Department. Note

The Title deeds of all immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lease and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lease), are held in the name of the Company. The renewals of lease deed of certain properties taken on lease/sub-lease from Steel Authority of India Limited ("JV partner") are pending as explained in Note - 38(vi).

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38 Capital Work-in-Progress

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Cost as at April 01	209.31	197.10
Addition	89.57	12.21
Capitalisation/Adjustments	•	3
As at March 31	298.88	209.31

Aging of Capital Work-in-Progress

		(a) Ageing	(a) Ageing of CWIP as at March 2023	March 2023			(a) Agein	IG OF CWIP as	(a) Ageing of CWIP as at March 2022	
		Amount	Amount in CWTP for period of	eriod of			Amou	Amount in CWIP for period of	 period of 	
particulars	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	an 3	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
Suspended Projects*										
Clan Balt Conveyor				197.10	197.10		•		197.10	01.121
Additive Control Balt Contour		12.21		•	12.21	12.21	•		-	12.21
Auditive recurity very convertal	0.05			•	0.05	•			-	•
Geyser No Buildion for Manzine	10.98		1	-	10.98	1	•		•	- -
Deilwey Siding Flectrification	78.54			•	78.54		•		-	•
Total	89.57	12.21		197.10	298.88	12.21	1		- 197.1	209.31
Particulars		Expects	Expected date of completion	Ipletion			Expe	Expected date of completion	ompletion	
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	S nat	Total	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 year	Total
Suspended Projects*										
Slan Belt Conveyor	,	1	•	197.10	197.10	-	•		- 197.10	197.10
Additive Feeding Belt Convevor	-	•	3	12.21	12.21	-	-		- 12.21	12.21
Govern	0.05	1	1	•	0.05	•	•	-	•	•
New Building for Magzine	10.98		•	1	10.98	1			-	۲
Railway Siding Electrification	78.54	1		•	78.54	,	-		•	
Total	89.57			16.002	298.88	ľ		ľ	15.002	209.31

TNE (CHARTERED) ප් ē NIA

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72 Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Note	Particulars	As at March 31 2023	As at March 31, 2022
4	OTHERS FINANCIAL ASSETS Non-Current Assets (Unsecured considered good)		
	Term Deposits having maturity more than 12 months(refer note $4.1 & 4.2$)	700.79	700.00
	Interest accrued on Term Deposits	41.47	20.45
	Security Deposits (refer note - 4.3)	78.77	786.18
		821.03	1,506.63

4.1 For Mining plan apppproval in respect of limestone mines located at Babupur, District Satna, MP, Steel Authority of India (SAIL)(The JV Partner and also lessee of these mines) is required to provide Bank Guarantee to India Bureau of Mines to ensure completion of closure of mines as per prescribed norms. Accordingly, SAIL had arranged the bank guarantee for Rs. 762.66 lakhs, and the Company and the Holding Company (Jaiprakash Associates Limited) together have given counter financial security in the form of Term Deposit Receipts of Rs. 700.00 lakhs and Rs. 63.55 lakhs respectively duly lien marked in favour of SAIL.

Rs.0.79 lakhs pledged with Government Department 4.2

DECEMPED TAX ACCETS (NET)

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During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, Security Deposits aggregating to Rs. 663.67 lakhs has been adjusted against electricity charges payable after permanent disconnection of the electricity connections by the concerned Electricity Boards. 4.3

5	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS [NET] (refer note - 40 (d) & 35)		
	Deferred Tax Assets		
	Carry Forward Losses	23,947.78	22,514.26
	Defined Benefit Obligations	192.02	179.91
	Other Deductible Temporary Differences	547.80	360.57
		24,687.60	23,054.74
	Deferred Tax Liabilities	(6,887.85)	(7,438.76)
	Depreciation	(6,887.85)	(7,438.76)
	• • • •		
		17,799.75	15,615.98
_			
6	NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS [NET]	7.25	15.74
	Advance Tax & Tax deducted at sources	7.25	15.74
	(refer note - 40(c))		
		7.25	15.74
7	OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
	(Unsecured considered good)		
	Capital Advances	-	80.45
	Prepaid Expenses	2.01	12.35
	Deposit under protest with Government Authorities (refer note -		0
	32(I) & 32(II))	1,450.62	1,386.68
		1,452.63	1,479.48
8	INVENTORIES (As taken, valued & certified by the Management)		
	Raw Materials	181.34	148.60
	Stores & Spare Parts	1,131.90	1,467.21
	Work-in-Process*	174.21	113.81
		1,487.45	1,729.62
	*Refer Note- 32(II) also.		
9	TRADE RECEIVABLES		
2	(unsecured, considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
	Trade Receivables, Considered good- Secured	-	-
	Trade Receivables, Considered good Unsecured	6.42	8.21
	Trade receivales which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
	Trade receivables- Credit Impaired	19.29	19.29
		25.71	27.50
	Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	(19.29)	(19.29)
		6.42	8.21
	The movement in allowance for doubtful trade receivables		
	Allowance balance as at beginning of the year	19.29	19.29
	Allowance for doubtful trade receivables and credit		
	impaired during the year	-	-
	Trade receivables written off during the year	_	
	Allowance balance as at end of the year	19.29	19.29
	Trade Receivables written off during the year	2.50	-



8

Ageing of Tarde Receivables					
As at March 31, 2023					
Daticulare		Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date	neriods from	due date
	Not Due	Less than 6 Month	6 Months -1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Yea
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good				4.61	1
Undisputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk	t	E	1	ŧ	
Undisouted Trade Receivables - credit impaired	•	ŧ	ŧ	ŧ	
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considerd good	e.	t		ł	
Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk					

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended Mar 31, 2023

BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250

(Rs. in lakhs)

						SN)	Val III Idviis)
Particulars		Outstandi	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	periods from	due date of pa	yment	
	Not Due	Less than 6 Month	6 Months -1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	1			4.61	1.80	0.01	6.42
Undisputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk							
	•	£		1	1	1	1
Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	ł	ŧ	ŧ	£	1	•	1
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considerd good		¢	ŧ	ſ	t	8	1
Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk							
	I	•	•	•		1	ı
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1		t	ŧ	i	19.29	19.29
Total (A)		-	-	4.61	1.80	19.30	25.71
Allowance for expected credit loss							1
Allowance for credit Impairment	ŧ	1	1	8		19.29	19.29
Total (B)	1	1	ŧ	-	1	- 1	
Total [(A) - (B)]		1	e	4.61	1.80	10.0	6.42

As at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Outstandi	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	periods from	due date of p	ayment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 Month	6 Months -1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
I Indianited Trade Receivables - Considered good	1	4.97	0.37	0.10	0.30	2.47	8.21
Undisputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk			•		1	1	1
l Indionited Trade Bareivahles - rredit imnaired	-	ť		4	t	1	1
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considerd good	ł		1	1	1	1	1
Disputed Trade Receivables Which have significant increase in credit risk	'	ł	8	3	ı	I	ł
	'	-				19.29	19.29
Disputed Irade Receivables - credit impaired Total (A)		4.97	0.37	0.10	0.30	21.76	27.50
Allowance for expected credit loss						00.01	10.70
Allowance for credit Impairment	*	1	4	-	ŧ	C7.CT	
Total (B)	•	•	•	•			
Totai [(A) - (B)]		4.97	0.37	0.10	0.30	2.47	8.21
						- And	37



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Note	Particulars	As at March 31 2023	As at March 31, 2022
10	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Balance with Banks		
	- In Current Accounts*	233.77	278.33
	Cash on hand	4.00	3.23
		237.77	281.56
	* Include Rs.2.79 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs.2.13 lakhs) having repart Department have freezed the bank account of Babupur and Bhilai Unit a Current Bank account with effect from May 05, 2023 having balance of Rs.14	gainst their dues. Furher, Commercial Ta	ix Department has freezed the
11	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Term Deposits having remaining maturity less than 12 months*	0.10	0.68
		0.10	0.68
	*pledged with Government Departments		
12	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Interest accrued on Term and Security Deposits	9.82	5.43
	Other Receivables	*	1.07
		9.82	6.50
13	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured, Considered good unless otherwise stated)		
	Advances to Suppliers, Contractors & Others		
	Considered good	55.86	181.41
	Considered doubtful	45.25	45.25
		101.11	226.66
	Less Allowance for doubtful Advances	<u>(45.25)</u> 55.86	(45.25) 181.41
	Advance to employees	49.24	172.34
	Balance with government authorities	1,240.10	940.64
	Prepaid Expenses	156.54	68.64
		1,501.74	1,363.03
	The movement in Allowance for Doubtful Advances to Suppliers, Con Balance at the beginning of the year	ntractors & Others 45.25	45.25
	Allowance for doubtful advances during the year	43.23	45.25

Balance at the end of the year

45.25	
-	
45.25	



89

45.25

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Note	Particulars	As at March 31 2023		As at March 31, 2022
14	EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL			
	Authorised 380,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (March 31, 2022: 380,000,000 Shares of Rs.10/-)	38,000.00		38,000.00
		38,000.00	-	38,000.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid-up 379,684,800 (March 31, 2022: 379,684,800) Equity Shares			
		37,968.48		37,968.48
		37,968.48	-	37,968.48

14.1 The Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs.10 per share and each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. All equity Shareholders are having right to get dividend in proportion to paid up value of the each equity share, as and when declared.

In the event of liquidation each shareholder carries equal rights and will be entitled to receive equal amount per share out of the remaining amount available with the company after making preferential payments.

14.2 Reconciliation of the number of the shares outstanding

Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31 2023	As at Mar	ch 31, 2022
Particulars	No. of shares	Amount (in lakhs)	No. of shares	Amount (in lakhs)
Equity shares of Rs 10/- each				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,796,848,000	37,968.48	379,684,800	37,968.48
Shares issued during the year	-	-		-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,796,848,000	37,968.48	379,684,800	37,968.48

14.3 Shares held by the promoters as defined in the Companies Act, 2013 at the end of the year

Promoter Name	As at Marc	ch 31, 2023	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2022	
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares	during the year
i) Jaiprakash Associates Limited(refer note -14.6)	280,966,752	74%	280,966,752	74%	Nil
ii) Steel Authority of India Ltd.	98,718,048	26%	98,718,048	26%	Nil
Total	379,684,800	100%	379,684,800	100%	

14.4 The shares held by the holding company (refer note -14.6)

280,966,752 Equity Shares (i.e. 74% of total equity shares) (March 31, 2022 : 280,966,752 Equity shares, i.e. 74% of total equity shares) of Rs.10 each held by Jaiprakash Associates Limited, the holding company and its nominees.

14.5 Details of shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares:

Name of Shareholder	As at March	31, 2023	As at March	31, 2022
Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Percentage	No. of Shares	Percentage
Equity shares of Rs 10/- each				
Jaiprakash Associates Limited(refer note -14.6)	280,966,752	74.00%	280,966,752	74.00%
Steel Authority of India Ltd.	98,718,048	26.00%	98,718,048	26.00%

14.6 Jaiprakash Associates Limited (JAL), the holding company had pledged 30% of the shares of the company and also agreed and signed a Non-Disposal Undertaking (NDU) for the remaining 44% shares in favour of Yes Bank Ltd. (YBL) as a collateral security against the loan facility of Rs.46,500 lakhs availed by Jaypee Cement Corporation Ltd. (JCCL), a wholly-own subsidiary of JAL. YBL unilaterally on its own without intimating JAL and in conjunction with Assets and Reconstruction Enterprise Limited (ACRE),assigned the loan along with security in the favour of ACRE, who converted the balance 44% of shares pledged and invoked the pledge and transferred the entire pledge shares in its favour. JAL has neither taken cognizance of the assignment of the loan and security by YBL in favour of ACRE nor conversion of NDU into pledge and invocation of pledge and transfer of shares in its name. JAL continues to show the investment in its books of account and the shareholders agreement with Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL), the JV partner in the company, provides that a purported transfer not in accordance with the terms of Shareholder Agreement shall be null and void. The company has therefore maintained status quo ante of the shareholding in its books of account though these shares are being shown in the name of ACRE in the records of the Registrar. Further, SAIL has filed a petition with National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench (NCLT) regarding this matter and NCLT vide its injunction order dated April 01, 2022 has restricted ACRE not to further transfer of shares without leave of Tribunal.

14.7 Shares allotted as fully paid up without payment being received in cash:

Pursuant to contract

4,901,785 equity shares were alloted to "Steel Authority of India Limited" (SAIL), pursuant to agreement dated June 11, 2007 for consideration otherwise than in cash.

By way of Bonus Shares

During the Financial Year 2012-13, 46,208,448 Equity Shares and 131,516,352 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each have been issued as bonus shares to Steel Authority of India Limited and Jaiprakash Associates Limited respectively.

15 OTHER EQUITY

	(59,424.54)	(53,046.18)
Other comprehensive income	(4.68)	(32.96)
Retained earnings	(63,709.73)	(57,303.09)
Capital reserve	4,289.87	4,289.87
Officie Contra		

(Refer Statement of Changes of Equity also)

Nature and purpose of reserves Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve represents funding of cost overrun by Jaiprakash Associates Limited upto March 31, 2013 in the terms of Shareholders Agreement. This reserves in not freely available for distribution to the shareholders.

C. Retained Earnings

Accessingly startings are the profit or loss that the company has earned till date, less any transfers to General Reserve, Dividend or other distributions paid to share by deers.

Other Comprehensive Income:

Other Copprehensive Income represents recognized remeasurement gains/ (loss) on defined benefit plans in Other Comprehensive Income. These

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BHILAI JAYPEE CEMENT LIMITED 76 CIN: U26940CT2007PLC020250 76 Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(Rs. in lakhs)
lote	Particulars	As at March 31 2023	As at March 31, 2022
16	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Non-Current Liabilities		
	Lease liabilities (refer note - 38)	135.37	144.1
		135.37	144.1
17	PROVISIONS		
	Non-Current Liabilities		
	Mines Restoration Obligations (refer note- 17.1)	264.47	236.1
	For Employee Benefits		
	Gratuity (refer note - 39)	487.16	452.0
	Compensated Absences (refer note -39)	191.77	198.3
		943.40	886.5
	Note - 17.1 : Mines Restoration Obligations		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	755.13	445.3
	Additions during the year	-	81.9
	Additional Provision (refer note- 38(v))	-	186.5
	Interest Accrued	28.34	41.4
	Balance as at the end of the year*	783.47	755.1
	*Includes current libility of Mines Restoration Obligations of Rs. 519 la	khs (March 31, 2022 - Rs.519 lakhs) shown in r	note 23.
18	OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	Non-Current Liabilities		
	Advances from Customers*	46,526.53	42,339.1
		46,526.53	42,339.16
	* For Related Party Outstanding refer note - 45	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
19	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Current liabilities		
	Lease Liabilities (refer note - 38)	62.47	45.9
	•••••••	62.47	45.9
20	TRADE PAYABLES		
	Total outstanding dues of Micro Enterprises and Small		
	Enterprises (refer note - 37)	-	- · · · -
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro		
	Enterprises and Small Enterprises*	16 639 53	47 COD 4
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16,628.53	16,577.1
		16,628.53	16,577.1
	* For Pelated Party Outstanding refer acts 45	10/020.33	10,5

* For Related Party Outstanding refer note - 45

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended Mar 31, 2023

Ageing of Tarde Payables

As at March 31, 2023

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		Outstanding	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	iods from due	date of payment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More than 3 Year	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME	ı	E	4	•	4	t
Undisputed dues - Others	81.98	4,583.88	9,736.06	605.55	1,621.06	16,628.53
Disputed dues - MSME	1	•	8	1	1	1
Disputed - Others	. 4	1	4	4	-	4
Total	81.98	4,583.88	9,736.06	605.55	1,621.06	16,628.53

As at March 31, 2022

						(Rs. in lakhs)
		Outstanding	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment	iods from due c	date of payment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than	1-2 year 2-3 Year	2-3 Year		Total
		1 Year			More than 3 tear	
Undisputed dues - MSME	1	t		•		
Undisputed dues - Others	2,013.69	11616.20	934.76	150.04	1642.15	16,356.84
Disputed dues - MSME	1	1	1	-	ſ	4
Disputed - Others	1	35.38	35.38	37.29	112.27	220.32
Total	2,013.69	11,651.58	970.14	187.33	1,754.42	16,577.16

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

			(Rs. in lakhs)
Note	Particulars	As at March 31 2023	As at March 31, 2022
21	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
	Security Deposits Other Payables	569.40	582.6
	Salary, wages and other benefits payable	1,404.58	450.3
	Other payable	•	170.2
	Capital Creditors	12.85	41.9
	Due to Related Parties (refer note - 45)	0.78	406.9
		1,987.61	1,652.0
22	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
~~	Statutory Dues payable	3,989.22	4,675.7
	Advances from Customers*	13,140.75	13,210.4
		17,129.97	17,886.2
	* For Related Party Outstanding refer note - 45		
23	PROVISIONS Current Liabilities		
	Mines Restoration Obligations (refer note- 17.1 & 38(v))	519.00	519.0
	For Employee Benefits		
	Gratuity (refer note - 39)	33.72	26.0
	Compensated Absences (refer note -39)	25.90	15.4
		578.62	560.5



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulare	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2022
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Revenue from Contracts with Customers Sale of Products	2,266.41	21,507.93
Other Operating Revenue		
Scrap sale	13.98	72.33
Revenue from Operations	2,280.39	21,580.26
(a) Disaggregation of Revenue		
(i) Revenue based on Geography Domestic Export	2,280.39	20,781.52 798.74
	2,280.39	21,580.26
(ii) Revenue based on Timing of Revenue Revenue recognized at a point in time Revenue recognized over period of time	2,280.39	21,580.26
	2,280.39	21,580.26
• • • • • •		22,000,00
•	2,280.39	22,080.98
•	-	(333.33)
	-	(167.39)
Total Revenue from Operations	2,280.39	21,580.26
	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS Revenue from Contracts with Customers Sale of Products Other Operating Revenue Scrap sale Revenue from Operations (a) Disaggregation of Revenue (i) Revenue based on Geography Domestic Export (ii) Revenue based on Timing of Revenue Revenue recognized at a point in time Revenue recognized over period of time (b) Reconciliation of Revenue from operations with contract pric Contract price Less: Swap Sales Discounts, freight on ex-factory sale and other rebates	Particulars March 31, 2023 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS Revenue from Contracts with Customers Sale of Products 2,266.41 Other Operating Revenue 3.98 Scrap sale 13.98 Revenue from Operations 2,280.39 (a) Disaggregation of Revenue 2,280.39 (i) Revenue based on Geography Domestic Domestic 2,280.39 (ii) Revenue based on Timing of Revenue - Revenue recognized at a point in time 2,280.39 (b) Reconciliation of Revenue from operations with contract price - Contract price 2,280.39 Less: Swap Sales - Discounts, freight on ex-factory sale and other - rebates -

(c) Performance Obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the control of the goods is tranferred to the customer as per contract. The amounts receivable from customers are generally due after expiry of the credit period as per the relevant agreement terms. There is no significant financing component in the transactions with the customers. Trade Advances from Jaiprakash Associates Limited ("the Holding company") have been classified as non-current liability based on the mutual agreement with them considering the supply schedule of the goods that after the commencement of the operations with the help of strategy investor, the Company would be able to supply the goods to them as per the agreement.

(d) Contract Balances

At the end of the year

Advances from Customers		
Current	13,140.75	13,210.45
Non-Current	46,526.53	42,339.16
Total	59,667.28	55,549.61
Trade Receivables	6.42	8.21
At the beginning of the year		
Advances from Customers		
Current	13,210.45	11,285.78
Non-Current	42,339.16	45,548.01
Total	55,549.61	56,833.79
Trade Receivables	8.21	539.37
(e) Movement of Contract Liabilities		
Contract Liabilities at the beginning of the year	55,549.61	56,833.79
Amounts included in opening contract liabilities,		
recognised as revenue (including GST) during the year	(1,852.29)	(5,482.70)
Amount received in advances during the year/refund/		
other adjustments (net)	5,969.96	4,198.52
Contract liabilities at the end of the year	59,667.28	55,549.61
(f) Trade Receivables written off during the year	2.50	-

(g) There was no contract where revenue was to be recognised over period of time during the year.

(h) During the year, the Company is engaged in only one Business Segment i.e. Cement and and cement related products (i.e. clinker), hence no business segment disclosure is required.

(i) Particulars of Sale of Products

Cement/GGBS 18.30 4584.77 Total 2266.41 21841.26	Total Sale of Products	2266.41	21507.93
Cement/GGBS 18.30 4584.77 2266.41 21841.26	Less: Swap Sales of Clinkers		(333.33)
	Total	2266.41	21841.26
Clinker 2248.11 17256.49	Cement/GGBS	18.30	4584.77
	Clinker	2248.11	17256.49



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

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		For the Year ended	(Rs. in lakhs) For the Year ended
Note	Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
25	OTHER INCOME		
	Interest Income	45.96	44.07
	Interest Income on Income Tax	1.08	-
	Liabilities/ Provisions no longer required written back*	1,291.19	233.58
	Gain on cancellation of leases	0.18	-
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment(net)	-	10.71
	Miscellaneous income	4.19	13.43
		1,342.60	301.79

*Includes credit balances and excess provision of liabilities etc. no longer required written back - Rs. 350.19 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs.0.78 lakhs) and Rs. 941.00 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs.232.80 lakhs) respectively.

26 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED

	Limestone	245.22	1,883.74
	Laterite / Iron ore	14.06	149.01
	Gypsum	-	58.73
	Slag	2.33	481.09
	Clinker	-	1,242.71
	Less : Swap sale	-	(333.33)
	—	-	909.38
	alasia Noon	261.61	3,481.95
27	CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS AND WORK-IN-PROGRESS		
	OPENING STOCKS		
	Work-in-process	113.81	479.27
	-	113.81	479.27
	Less: CLOSING STOCKS		
	Work-in-process	174.21	113.81
		174.21	113.81
		(60.40)	365.46
28	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	2,506.07	2,609.58
	Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note - 39)	171.31	168.00
	Gratuity/Compensated absence expenses (refer note - 39)	80.01	115.11
	Staff welfare expenses	65.46	53.51
		2,822.85	2,946.20
29	FINANCE COSTS		
	Interest on Others	641.30	467.26
	Unwinding Interest (refer note - 17.1)	28.34	41.40
	Interest on Lease liabiilities (refer note -38)	13.44	14.38
		683.08	523.04
30	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE		
	Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment and		
	Right of Use Assets	3,506.05	3,531.86
	Amortisation	3,506.05	3,531.86
		31322103	0,002.00



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

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			(Rs. in lakhs)
Note	Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2023	For the Year ended March 31, 2022
31	OTHER EXPENSES	······································	
•			
	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES		
	Packing materials consumed	0.94	277.21
		0.94	277.21
	Stores and spares consumed	44.40	678.44
	Repairs and Maintenance- Plant and Machinery	165.89	233.25
	Packing Expenses	2.06	26.71
	Mine Restoration Expenses (refer note - 17.1 and 38(v))	-	186.50
	Machinery hire charges	4.30	17.90
		216.65	1,142.80
	Power and Fuel		
	Coal consumed	1,583.64	11,410.94
	Electricity and other charges	1,689.83	4,466.85
	Water Charges and Other Fuel Expenses	42.20	137.00
		3,315.67	16,014.79
	Sub-Total (A)	3,533.26	17,434.80
	SELLING & DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		
	Freight and Forwarding	16.24	695.3
	Commission and Sales promotion	8.02	109.8
	Sub-Total (B)	24.26	805.11
	ESTABLISHMENT EXPENSES		
	Repair and Maintenance-Others	177.41	172.50
	Safety and Security Expenses	424.89	470.0
	Rent(Refer Note - 38)	47.25	72.5
	Rates and Taxes	92.82	224.9
	Insurance	134.28	140.3
	Travelling and Conveyance Expenses	6.39	5.3
	Postage, Telephone and Internet	7.80	13.9
	Legal and Professional Expenses	27.20	43.0
	Vehicle Expenses	9.51	5.9
	Bank Charges	3.89	0.6
	Statutory Audit Fee (refer note - 31.1)	6.50	8.3
	Loss on Discarded Assets	372.90 1.66	1.7
	Printing and Stationery Advances / Receivables written off	67.76	18.0
	Penalty on Statutory Dues	66.10	4.2
	Miscellaneous Expenses	9.93	9.8
	Sub-Total (C)	1,456.29	1,191.3
	Total ($A + B + C$)	5,013.81	19,431.2
31.1	Payment to Auditors		
31.1	- Audit Fee	4.50	4.5
	- Limited Review Fee	2.00	3.0
	- Reimbursements of Expenses	-	0.8
	remoulation of expenses	6.50	8.3



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

32. Contingent Liabilities not provided for in respect of:

(Rs.in lakhs)

I.	S. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	1	Claim against the Company not acknowledge as debt (Refer Note-48)	11.34	-
	2	Disputed demand of VAT/Entry Tax/ Excise duty/ Custom Duty/ CST/ GST/ Property Tax (including Interest and penalty as demanded) (includes amount stated in Note 32(II)	6,528.95	6,280.66
		Amount deposited against above	1,415.54	1,386.68
	3	Income Tax matter under Appeal#	217.56	-
		Amount deposited against above	35.08	-

Order issued on May17, 2023 was in favour of the Company.

Note: The timing and future cash flow in above matters will depend on the outcome of the respective proceedings.

- II. The company has filed the Writ Petition in Hon'ble High Court of Chhattisgarh against the demand of entry tax amounting to Rs. 3,408.62 lakhs (including interest) for the financial year 2010-11 to 2014-15 raised by the Commercial Tax Department. Further, the company had filed for the exemption certificate regarding payment of Entry Tax which was rejected by the Department of Commerce & Industries, Chhattisgarh. During the earlier year, the company has filed an appeal before the State Appellate Forum, Department of Commerce and Industries, (Government of Chhattisgarh) against the order of the Department of Commerce & Industries, Chhattisgarh. The Management is hopeful for favorable order by the Appellate Authority allowing exemption for payment of entry tax which would result into withdrawal of above Entry Tax demand. Hence the company has not made any provision against entry tax amounting to Rs. 3,408.62 lakhs (including interest) for the financial year 2010-11 to 2014-15 and Rs. 715.85 lakhs deposited against the Entry Tax demand till date is shown as "Other Non-Current Assets" and considered it as good and recoverable. During the earlier year, the Commercial Tax Department has seized Wagon Tripler, Side Arm Charger and Wagon Loading Machine having written down value of Rs. 609.39 lakhs and loose cement (25MT) valuing Rs. 1.02 lakhs owned by the company as at March 31, 2023 and Tata 407 Cargo (owned by a Group Company) valuing Rs. 4.00 lakhs against the demand of Rs. 1,919.17 lakhs pertaining to Entry Tax and Value Added Tax(VAT) and handed over back the same to the Company as custodian. Further, the appeals filed by the Company against these demands are pending for disposal by the Tribunal/Court.
- III. The Company has not made any provision towards compensation for short lifting of annual agreed quantity of Granulated Slag of Rs. 1,0109.91 lakhs upto March 31, 2023 demanded by the supplier, Steel Authority of India Limited and future liability as per terms of agreement. Moreover, the supplier has raised additional demand of Rs. 160.02 lakhs towards Dozer hire charges for the financial year 2014-15 to 2016-17. Further, the Company has also not provided interest of Rs. 724.99 lakhs upto financial year ended March 31, 2023 demanded by the supplier for delay in payments by the Company. The Company has, however, disputed the claims on various grounds such as interpretation of annual agreed quantity of slag lifting, deficient/inadequate supply of slag during the financial year 2011-12 to 2013-14, inordinate delay on part of the supplier in furnishing bank guarantee for renewal of mining operation at ILQ Satna etc. and also filed counter claim with the supplier for



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

contribution towards losses suffered by the Company. The same being under dispute/negotiation, the extent to which these claims will be settled and its impact on the loss for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 cannot be ascertained at present and corresponding impact on Other Equity and Liabilities of the Company.

- IV. The Company has given term deposits of Rs. 763.55 lakhs (including Rs. 63.55 lakhs by JAL, Parent Company) duly lien marked in favour of Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL) against Bank guarantee provided by SAIL on behalf of the company in favour of Indian Bureau of Mines for approval of mining plan as a financial security against applicable restoration obligation of Rs. 924.00 lakhs against the provision of Rs. 783.47 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs. 755.13 lakhs) in the books of account. Further, the Company is in process of providing additional bank guarantee of Rs.508.00 lakhs being the increase in value of mining restoration obligation on both the mines (ML-1 and ML II), however, the approval of ML-I is pending with appropriate authority as explained in Note No. 38(v) to IBM through SAIL.
- The GST Registration of Babupur (Satna) Unit and Bhilai Unit of the Company were V. cancelled by the GST Department vide letter dated August 25, 2022 and September 21, 2022 respectively due to non-payment of GST dues caused by financial constraint being faced by the Company. Therefore, the Company could not file the GST Returns for the period from January 2022 to March 31, 2022 of Babupur (Santa) Unit and GST Returns for the month of February 2022 and March 2022 of Bhilai Unit. However, the Company has taken input credit of GST amounting to Rs.624.98 lakhs for the said period in its books of account. The Company is hopeful that after revocation of cancellation of GST Registration and compliances of the applicable Rules and Regulations of the GST Act, the Company will be able to avail the input credit of GST amount. However, the cancellation of GST Registration of Bhilai Unit has been revoked on March 31, 2023 by the Department. Further, the Company is in process of determining the amount of GST Input Credit to be reversed on account of delays in payment to the suppliers and subsequent re-availment of GST Input Credit as per Rule 37 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Rules 2017, as amended. The necessary adjustments in the books of account regarding this and interest liability thereon, if any, will be made as and when the amounts are assessed.

33. Capital Commitment

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Estimated value of contracts to be executed on capital account (Net of advances)*	581.56	539.12

*Refer note 3B for status of pending capital projects due to financial constraints.

34. The Company has incurred loss of Rs.6,378.36 lakhs during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and as of that date, the accumulated losses of Rs. 63,714.41 lakhs have exceeded its paid-up share capital of Rs. 37,968.48 lakhs, resulting into complete erosion of the Company's net worth and company's current liabilities exceed its current assets. During the financial year ended March 31, 2023 the Company's operations are at halt due to shortage of working capital resulting into cancellation of GST Registration, power disconnection etc. The Holding Company, Jaiprakash Associates Limited ("JAL") has entered into a Share Purchase Agreement with a Strategic Investor for sale of its 74% Shareholding in the Company. With the induction of a Strategic Investor, the Company would be able to have working capital funds required for the operations and meets its obligations and implementation of business plan for increase in revenue, profit and cash flows resulting into the improvement of net worth. The consummation of the above transaction is expected to be completed shortly. Thereby, the Management is of the view that the company will continue as a going concern.



Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

- **35.** Deferred tax assets (net) aggregating to Rs.17,799.75 lakhs on carry forward of unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences as at March 31, 2023 have been recognized by the Management. With the induction of a Strategic Investor, the Company would be able to have working capital funds required for the operations and meets its obligations and implementation of business plan for increase in revenue and profitability of the Company and consequently sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets will be realized.
- **36.** The Company had appointed whole time Company Secretary w.e.f. November 10, 2022 in accordance with the requirement of Section 203 of the Act read with Rule 8A of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules, 2014 which was vacated on September 01, 2020 due to resignation.
- **37.** The disclosure of amount outstanding of suppliers registered under as 'micro' and 'small' under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act') are as follows:

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022		
Α.	Dues remaining unpaid as at Balance Sheet date				
	Principal Amount		-		
	Interest Amount	-	**		
В.	Interest paid in terms of section 16 of the Act, along with the amount of payment made to the supplier and service providers beyond the appointed day during the period	-	-		
C.	Interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding the interest specified under the Act)	-	-		
D.		-	-		
E.	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid as at Balance sheet date	-	-		

Disclosure of amount outstanding of Micro, Small and Medium enterprises is based on information available with the Company regarding the status of the suppliers as defined under 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' (MSMED).

38. Disclosures as per Ind AS 116 –Leases are as under:

(i) Amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

			(Rs	s. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year e 31, 20	For the year ended March 31, 2022		
	Land	Building	Land	Building
Depreciation Expenses	102.79	2.72	147.28	5.45
Interest Expenses	13.12	0.32	13.53	0.85
Rent	-	47.25		72.50
Total	115.91	50.29	160.81	78.80



(Rs. in lakhs)

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(ii) The break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities:

•		(Rs. in lakhs) As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		
Current lease liabilities	62.47	45.96	
Non-current lease liabilities	135.37	144.10	
Total	197.84	190.06	

(iii) The movement in lease liabilities:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Balance at the beginning of the year	190.06	178.53
Additions during the year	1.16	3.18
Finance cost accrued during the year	13.44	14.38
Deletions/Adjustments on account of modification/termination	(6.46)	-
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.36)	(6.03)
Balance at the end of the year	197.84	190.06

(iv) The details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on undiscounted basis:

		(Rs. in lakhs) As at March 31, 2022	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		
Less than one year	75.14	59.56	
One to five years	72.32	72.23	
More than five years	162.72	180.81	
Total	310.18	312.60	

The Company has significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the Company's current liabilities exceed current assets and matters explained in Note 34.

- (v) Mining Lease period of Limestone mine ML-1 located at ILQ Satna allotted to JV partner, Steel Authority of India Limited (SAIL) who had transferred the right to use in favour of the Company has expired on October 31, 2021.SAIL has applied for extension of mining lease period to the concerned Authority as per the provision of Mineral & Mining Development Regulation (Mining by Government Company) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereon which is under process of approval from the concerned Authority. Necessary relevant adjustments in the books of account will be made after approval/ rejection of the said application of extension of mining lease period as the land is in possession of the Company. The Company has reassessed the restoration liability as on March 31, 2023 and has provided additional liability of Nil (March 31, 2022:Rs. 186.50 lakhs).
- (vi) The lease deeds of certain properties taken on lease from Steel Authority of India ("the Promoter") for residence purpose of the employees/workers etc. are pending for renewal. Hence, same are considered as short-term lease.

39. Details of Employees Benefits as required by the Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits" are given below:



a) Defined contribution plans:

The expenses recognized during the year towards contribution to Provident Fund, ESIC and other funds are Rs.171.31 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs. 168.00 lakhs).

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

b) Post Retirement Benefit Plan

(i) Amount recognized in the Balance Sheet

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		As at 1 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	Gratuity	Compensated Absence	Gratuity	Compensated Absence
Present value of plan liabilities	567.25	217.67	521.30	213.85
Fair value of plan assets	46.37	-	43.18	
Deficit/(Surplus) of funded plans	520.88	217.67	478.12	213.85
Unfunded plans	-	-	-	**
Net plan liabilities/(Assets)	520.88	217.67	478.12	213.85

Bifurcation of Provision in Current and Non-current

Particulars		urrent sions	Current P	Provisions		<u>s. in lakhs</u> tal
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Gratuity	487.16	452.04	33.72	26.08	520.88	478.12
Compensated Absences	191.77	198.38	25.90	15.47	217.67	213.85

(ii) Movements in plan assets

		(Rs. in lakhs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	Gratuity	Gratuity	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	43.18	40.28	
Actual return on plan assets	3.19	2.91	
Employer contribution	1.46	9.34	
Fund management charges	-		
Benefits paid	(1.46)	(9.35)	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	46.37	43.18	

(iii) Amount recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as Employee Benefits Expenses and remeasurement of defined benefit plans under Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars		ar ended h 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022	
	Gratuity	Compensated Absence	Gratuity	Compensated Absence
Current service cost	47.91	19.90	46.51	21.76
Interest cost	37.64	15.44	28.41	12.44
Past service cost		-	-	_
Expected return on plan assets	(3.12)	-	(2.74)	
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	(38.21)	(3.24)	37.71	8.73
Total expenses	44.22	32.10	109.89	42.93



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(iv) Assets

Particulars	Marc	As at h 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	Gratuity	Compensated Absence	Gratuity	Compensated Absence
Unquoted	-	-	-	-
Government Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds		-	-	-
Insurer managed funds	100%		100%	
Others	-	-	-	-
Total	100%	-	100%	-

(v) Assumptions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Financial Assumption	·		
Discount rate	7.38	7.22	
Salary Escalation Rate#	5.50	5.50	
Demographic Assumptions			
Retirement age (Years)	60	60	
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for	100% of IALM	100% of IALM	
disability	(2012-14)	(2012-14)	
Attrition at ages			
- Up to 30 years	2.00	2.00	
- From 31 to 44 years	5.00	5.00	
- Above 44 years	3.00	3.00	

The estimate of rate of escalation is salary considered in actuarial valuation, taken into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market.

(vi) Sensitivity Analysis

	-				(Rs	. in lakhs)
Particulars	Particulars As at March 31, 2023			As a	t March 31,	2022
	Change in assumption	Increase impact on present value of plan liabilities	Decrease impact on present value of plan liabilities	Change in assumption	Increase impact on present value of plan liabilities	Decrease impact on present value of plan liabilities
Gratuity:						
Discount rate	0.50 %	(25.33)	27.25	0.50 %	(24.62)	26.58
Salary	0.50 %	27.62	(25.89)	0.50 %	26.90	(25.13)
Escalation Rate						
Compensated						
Absence:						
Discount rate	0.50 %	(9.21)	9.89	0.50 %	(9.86)	10.62
Salary	0.50 %	10.02	(9.41)	0.50 %	10.75	(10.05)
Escalation Rate						

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumption occurring at the end of the reporting period and may not be representative of the actual change. It is based on a change in the key assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity to the assumption,



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

the method (Projected Unit Credit Method) used to calculate the liability recognized in the balance sheet has been applied. The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared with the previous period.

(vii) The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end March 31, 2023 as follows:

		-		(Rs. in lakhs)
		at 1, 2023	s at 31, 2022	
	Gratuity Compensated Absence		Gratuity	Compensated Absence
0 to 1 Year	33.72	25.90	26.08	15.47
1 to 2 Year	34.53	18.69	27.99	18.55
2 to 3 Year	37.26	13.72	29.11	16.44
3 to 4 Year	24.08	9.12	31.98	12.96
4 to 5 Year	25.38	8.55	21.03	8.18
5 to 6 Year	27.56	11.62	22.21	8.08
6 years onwards	284.72	130.07	362.91	134.18

The above information is as certified by the actuary.

40. Tax Expense

a) Tax expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended March 31,2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Current tax		
Current tax on taxable income for the year	-	-
Total Current tax expense	-	-
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	(2,193.70)	(2,025.49)
Total deferred tax expense/(credit)	(2,193.70)	(2,025.49)
Tax in respect of earlier years	(3.67)	-
Total Tax expense	(2,197.37)	(2,025.49)

b) A reconciliation of the tax expenses to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the profit/(loss) before tax is summarized below:
 (Ps in takks)

			(Rs. in lakr	is)
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023 26%		Year ended March 31, 2022 26%	
Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the company				
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(8,604.01)		(8,397.75)
Current tax expense on profit/(loss) before tax at the enacted income tax rate in India	(26.00)%	(2,237.05)	(26.00)%	(2,183.41)
Impact of Timing difference including Carry forward losses	(1.65)%	(141.77)	0.35%	29.41
Impact on account of permanent differences	2.15%	185.12	1.53%	128.51
Tax related to earlier years	(0.04)%	(3.67)	-	
Tax Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss	(25.54)	(2,197.37)	(24.12)%	(2,025.49)



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

c) Tax assets and liabilities

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Non-Current tax assets (net)	7.25	15.74

d) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

) Deletted tax assets and				(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at April 1, 2022	Credit / (charged) in statement of profit and loss	Credit /(charged) directly in OCI	As at March 31, 2023
Depreciation	(7,438.76)	550.91	-	(6,887.85)
Deferred Tax Liabilities	(7,438.76)	550.91	-	(6,887.85)
(A)				
Carry forward losses	22,514.26	1,433.52		23,947.78
Defined Benefit Obligations	179.91	22.04	(9.93)	192.02
Other Deductible				
Temporary differences	360.57	187.23	-	547.80
Deferred tax Assets (B)	23,054.74	1,642.79	(9.93)	24,687.60
Deferred tax Assets (net) (A+B)	15,615.98	2,193.70	(9.93)	17,799.75

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at April 1, 2021	Credit / (charged) in statement of profit and loss	Credit /(charged) directly in OCI	As at March 31, 2022
Depreciation	(7,815.36)	376.60	-	(7,438.76)
Deferred Tax Liabilities	(7,815.36)	376.60	-	(7,438.76)
(A)				
Carry forward losses	20,510.39	2,003.87	-	22,514.26
Defined Benefit Obligations	145.74	24.37	9.80	179.91
Other Deductible				
Temporary differences	739.92	(379.35)	-	360.57
Deferred tax Assets (B)	21,396.05	1,648.89	9.80	23,054.74
Deferred tax Assets (net) (A+B)	13,580.69	2,025.49	9.80	15,615.98

The amount of the Deferred Tax Asset recognized by the Company against carry forward losses has been computed on the basis of the returns filed by the Company in case where assessment is pending or assessment order under appeals as applicable and is subject to change as per assessment orders or appeal orders/ review orders of the relevant years by the department.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

41. Disclosure on Financial Instruments

41.1 Financial Instruments by Category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2023 are as follows:

				(K	s. in lakhs)
Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	237.77	-	-	237.77	237.77
Bank balances other than cash and cash					
equivalents	0.10	-	-	0.10	0.10
Trade receivables	6.42	-	-	6.42	6.42
Other financial					
assets	830.85	-	-	830.85	830.85
Liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	-	•••	-
Trade payables	16628.53	-	-	16628.53	16628.53
Lease Liabilities	197.84			197.84	197.84
Other financial					
liabilities	1987.61	-	-	1987.61	1987.61

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2022 are as follows:

				(K	<u>s. in lakhs)</u>
Particulars	At amortised cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	281.56	-	-	281.56	281.56
Bank balances other than					
cash and cash equivalents	0.68	-		0.68	0.68
Trade receivables	8.21	-	-	8.21	8.21
Other financial assets	1,513.13	-	_	1,513.13	1,513.13
Liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	16,577.16	-	-	16,577.16	16,577.16
Lease Liabilities	190.06			190.06	190.06
Other financial liabilities	16,52.03	-	-	16,52.03	1,652.03

41.2 Fair Values Hierarchy



Fair value measurement includes both the significant financial instruments stated at amortized cost and at fair value in the statement of financial statements. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables.

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

42. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risk management policies of the Company are established to identify and analyses the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and operational and business risk. The Company's management oversees the management of these risks to ensure the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company's policies and risk objectives. The major risks are summarized below:

42.1 Credit risk on financial assets

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The Company has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy customers.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of default occurring on asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, operating results, financial or economic conditions, credit risk on other financial instruments and third-party collateral guarantees or credit.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized as income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables based on historical trend, available external and internal credit risk factors such as financial condition, ageing of accounts receivable etc., industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates.

42.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and term/security deposits.

42.2.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. There is no interest risk on borrowings at the Balance Sheet date as there is no outstanding of borrowings as on March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.Rate of interest of term deposits, security deposits etc. are fixed and are carried at amortised cost and therefore same are not subject to interest rate risk.The following table analysis the breakdown of the financial assets and liabilities into interest-free and interest-bearing financial instruments:



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in lakhs
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Financial assets		
Non-interest bearing		
Cash and cash equivalents	237.77	281.56
Others Financial Assets	105.06	79.43
Trade receivables	6.42	8.21
Interest bearing		
Other Financial Assets		
-Term Deposits with Banks	700.79	700.00
-Security Deposits	25.00	733.70
Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
-Term Deposits with Banks	0.10	0.68
Financial liabilities	0	0.00
Non-interest bearing		
Trade Payables	16,628.53	16,577.16
Other Financial Liabilities (including lease		
liabilities)	1623.04	1266.42
Interest bearing		
Other Financial Liabilities		
-Security Deposits		
	562.41	575.67

42.2.2 Currency Risk

The company does not have any currency risk exposure as there is no foreign currency obligations/receivable.

42.2.3 Price Risk

The company does not have any price risk exposure as there is no investment in the Company.

42.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system.

The Company maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the Balance Sheet at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is the carrying amounts of trade payables and other liabilities. The liquidity risk is managed on the basis of expected maturity dates of the financial liabilities. The trade payable and other payables are having short-term durations. The carrying amounts are assumed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The following table analysis financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities:



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Less than 1	1 to 5	> 5	Rs. in lakhs Total
	Year / On demand	years	years	
As at March 31, 2023				
Trade payable	16,628.53	-	***	16,628.53
Lease liabilities	75.14	72.32	162.72	310.18
Other financial liabilities (Current)	1987.61	-	-	1987.61
As at March 31, 2022			V	
Trade payable	16,577.16		-	16577.16
Lease liabilities	59.56	72.23	180.81	312.60
Other financial liabilities (Current)	1,652.03	-	-	1,652.03

Refer note 34 for liquidity status of the Company as on March 31, 2023

43. Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust return of capital to shareholders or issue new sharesand fund from the Holding company/strategic investor. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing security deposits, trade payables and other payables/liabilities, less cash and cash equivalents, excluding discontinued operations.

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Borrowings	_	~
Trade Payable	16,628.53	16,577.16
Other financial liabilities	2,185.45	1,842.09
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(237.77)	(281.56)
Net debt (A)	18,576.21	18,137.69
Total equity(B)	(21,456.06)	(15,077.70)
Equity plus Net debt (C)	(2,879.85)	3,059.99
Gearing ratio (%) (A/C)	_*	592.74

* Gearing Ratio is not calculated as Equity plus net debt is negative.Refer note 34 also

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust by way of return of capital to shareholders or issue new shares or fund from the Holding company/strategic investor.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31,2023 and March 31, 2022.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

44. Net Debt Reconciliation

Analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt :

		(KS. III IAKNS)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	237.77	281.56
Lease Liabilities	(197.84)	(190.06)
Borrowings	-	-
Net Debt	39.93	91.50

⁽Rs. in lakhs)

(De in lakka)

	(nor in runna)	
Lease Liabili	ities	
FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	
190.06	178.53	
(0.36)	(6.03)	
13.44	14.38	
(5.30)	3.18	
197.84	190.06	
	FY 2022-23 190.06 (0.36) 13.44 (5.30)	

Note: There is no borrowing in the company and Finance cost mainly comprises of Interest on Statutory dues, leases & Unwinding interest hence no Interest Liability movement is given.

45. Related Party disclosures as required by Ind AS-24 are as under:

i. List of Related Parties and relationships.

A. Holding Company:

Jaiprakash Associates Limited (JAL)

B. Company having significant influence on the Company:

Steel Authority of India Limited (holding 26% of the paid-up equity share capital)

C. Fellow Subsidiary Companies:

- 1. Jaypee Infratech Limited (JIL) (subsidiary of JAL)
- 2. Himalyan Expressway Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 3. Jaypee Cement (Hockey) India Ltd. (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 4. Gujarat Jaypee Cement & Infrastructure Limited (JV subsidiary of JAL)
- 5. Jaypee Ganga Infrastructure Corporation Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 6. Jaypee Agra Vikas Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 7. Jaypee Fertilizers & Industries Limited [JFIL] (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 8. Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 9. Himalyaputra Aviation Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 10. Jaypee Assam Cement Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 11. Jaypee Healthcare Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JIL)
- 12. Jaypee Infrastructure Development Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL)
- 13. Jaiprakash Agri Initiative Company Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JCCL)
- 14. Yamuna Expressway Tolling Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JCCL)
- 15. Jaypee Uttar Bharat Vikas Private Limited (JUBVPL) (wholly owned subsidiary of JFIL)
- 16. Kanpur Fertilizers & Chemicals Limited (Subsidiary of JUBVPL)
- 17. East India Energy Private Limited. (wholly owned subsidiary of JAL) (w.e.f. 29.12.2022)



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

D. Companies in which Holding Company has significant influence:

- 1. Jaiprakash Power Ventures Limited (JPVL).
- 2. Jaypee Arunachal Power Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JPVL).
- 3. Sangam Power Generation Company Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JPVL).
- 4. Jaypee Meghalaya Power Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JPVL).
- 5. Bina Power Supply Limited (wholly owned subsidiary of JPVL)
- 6. MP Jaypee Coal Limited
- 7. MP Jaypee Coal Fields Limited
- 8. Madhya Pradesh Jaypee Minerals Limited
- 9. Jaypee Infra Ventures Private Limited (JIVPL)
- 10. Mahabadra Constructions Limited [MCL]] (wholly owned subsidiary of JIV)
- 11. Andhra Cements Limited (subsidiary of MCL upto 16.02.2023)
- 12. JIL Information Technology Limited (JILIT) (Subsidiary of JIVPL)
- 13. Gaur & Nagi Limited (wholly ownedsubsidiary of JILIT)
- 14. Quality Health and Education Private Ltd. (wholly owned subsidiary of JILIT) w.e.f. 21.03.2022
- 15. Tiger Hills Holiday Resort Private Limited (wholly ownedsubsidiary of MCL)
- 16. Indesign Enterprises Private Limited (IEPL) (subsidiary of JIV)
- 17. Ibonshourne Limited (subsidiary of IEPL)
- 18. RPJ Minerals Private Limited (RPJMPL)
- 19. Sarveshwari Stone Products Private Limited (wholly-owned subsidiary of RPJMPL)
- 20. Rock Solid Cement Limited (wholly-owned subsidiary of RPJMPL)
- 21. Sonebhadra Minerals Private Limited.

E. Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

- 1. Shri M. Biswas, Chairman (upto30.06.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)
- 2. Shri A K Panda, Chairman (w.e.f. 08.08.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)
- 3. Shri Manoj Gaur, Director
- 4. Shri Ram Bahadur Singh, ViceChairman
- 5. Shri Ram Bahadur Singh, CEO (upto 28.10.2022)
- 6. Shri Samir Swarup, Director (w.e.f. 08.08.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)
- 7. Shri Rajiv Ranjan, Director (w.e.f. 08.08.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)
- 8. Shri Amit Sharma, Director
- 9. Shri Amit Sharma, Director & CEO (w.e.f.10.11.2022)
- 10. Shri Satish Charan Kumar Patne, Director (upto 02.05.2023)
- 11. Shri Sandeep Sabharwal, Company Secretary (w.e.f. 10.11.2022)
- 12. Ms. Sunita Joshi, Director (w.e.f. 10.11.2022)
- 13. Ms. Simi Gaur, Director (upto 01.04.2022)
- 214. Dr. Dinesh Kumar Likhi, Director
 - Shri Neeraj Sharma, Director (upto30.06.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)
 - ${\mathbb Z}$ 6. Shri S. Rangani, Director (upto30.06.2022) (Nominee of SAIL)



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

17.Shri Ramesh Chand Sharma, CFO (upto 18.04.2023)

18. Shri Satish Semwal, CFO (w.e.f. 24.05.2023)

F. Key Managerial Personnel of JAL (Holding Company)

- 1. Shri Jaiprakash Gaur, Director
- 2. Shri Manoj Gaur, Executive Chairman & CEO
- 3. Shri Sunil Kumar Sharma, Vice Chairman
- 4. Shri Raj Narayan Bhardwaj, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 5. Shri Raj Narayan Bhardwaj, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 6. Ms. Homai A. Daruwalla, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 7. Shri Kailash Nath Bhandari, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 8. Shri Satish Charan Kumar Patne, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 9. Shri Ravindra Kumar Singh, Director upto 21.09.2022
- 10. Shri Keshav Prasad Rau, Independent Director upto 27.09.2022
- 11. Shri Tilak Raj Kakkar, Independent Director upto 11.11.2022
- 12. Shri Pankaj Gaur, Managing Director (Construction)
- 13. Shri Ranvijay Singh, Whole-time Director
- 14. Shri Ram Bahadur Singh, Director
- 15. Dr. Pramod Kumar Agrawal, Independent Director w.e.f. 12.02.2022
- 16. Shri M M Sibbal, Company Secretary upto 30.06.2021
- 17. Shri Sandeep Sabharwal, Company Secretary w.e.f. 01.07.2021
- 18. Shri Ashok Soni, Chief Financial Officer upto 30.06.2022
- 19.Smt. Vidya Basarkod, Independent Director w.e.f. 24.09.2022
- 20. Shri Krishna Mohan Singh, Independent Director w.e.f. 24.09.2022
- 21. Shri Rama Raman, Independent Director w.e.f. 24.09.2022
- 22. Shri Atul Kumar Gupta, Independent Director w.e.f. 24.09.2022 upto27.02.2023
- 23. Dr. Y Medury, Independent Director w.e.f. 10.08.2022
- 24. Shri N K Grover, Independent Director w.e.f. 10.08.2022

ii. Transactions with the related parties:

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Name of	Nature of	20	22-23	2021-22	
Related Party	Transaction	Amount	Balance	Amount	Balance
	Sale of clinker (including freight reimbursement)	1,022.74		4,723.53	
	Purchases/Repairing of Stores & Spares /Bags	1.70		50.78	
	Purchase of Clinker	-		807.95	
Jaiprakash Associates Limited	Advances Received/(Refund) against supply of goods (Net)*	7,758.98	56,263.91 (cr.) (Non- Current- 46,526.53 and	1,577.25	48,867.22 (cr.) (Non- Current- 42,339.16 and Other Current- 6,528.06)
	AMC of SAP Software and Hardware	9.52	Other Current- 9,737.38)	17.95	
	Debit balance written off	-		4.51	0,520.00)
	Sale of Spares	-		99.13	

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

	Credit balance transferred of Jaypee Cement Corporation Limited	650.29		-	
	Credit balance transferred of Andhra Cement Limited	-		772.56	
	Debit balance transferred of Jaypee Power Venture Limited	-	-	525.10	-
	Liability written back	0.95		-	
	Rent, Water Charges, Electricity & Others	52.62	m	61.13	
	Ground Rent	18.08		18.08	
	Interest Expenses	4.93	970.47 (cr.)@	6.37	932.84 (cr.)@
	Slag Purchased	5.98		457.79	
	Liability Written back	12.50	·····	-	
	Bank Guarantee provided to IBM by SAIL on behalf of the Company	-	762.66	-	762.66
Steel Authority of India Limited(SAIL)	Term Deposit as counter financial security duly lien marked in favour of SAIL against Bank Guarantee provided to IBM	-	700.00	-	700.00
	Term Deposit by Holding Company as counter financial security duly lien marked in favour of SAIL against Bank Guarantee provided to IBM	-	63.55	-	63.55
	Security Deposits given	-	21.24 (dr.)	-	21.24 (dr.)
Mahabhadra Constructions Limited	Safety & security/ Medical service	406.70	107.00#(cr.)	487.58	122.03 (cr.)
JIL Information Technology Limited	IT Service	-	-	1.38	-
	Purchase of Material	-		2.40	
Jaypee Cement	Fund received on behalf of holding company	241.00		-	
Corporation Limited	Credit balance (incl. funds received as above) transfer to Jaiprakash Associates Limited	650.29	-	-	409.29 (cr.)
Andhra Cement Limited	Credit balance transfer to Jaiprakash Associates Limited	-	-	772.56	-
Jaypee Power	Mess Deduction	0.78	0.78 (cr.)	-	
Venture Limited	Debit balance transfer to Jaiprakash Associates Limited	-		525.10	-

Note : The above amount are include of Goods and Service Tax, where applicable.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

*includes adjustment of advances received from customers/ swap sales creditors/ other creditors and payment made on behalf of the Company.

@ excluding Rs.265.75 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs. 243.14 lakhs) provided in the books of account as provisions against the unbilled services /rent.

excluding Rs. 213.34 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Nil) provided in the books of account as provisions against the unbilled services.

46. The company is exclusively engaged in the business of cement and cement related products (i.e. clinker) as per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment", hence, there are no reportable business segments. However, Geographical segment is applicable as company is exporting clinker to Nepal.

At present, the company produces more clinker than required at Bhilai plant for cement production. Therefore, management had decided to sale intermediate product i.e. Clinker in the open market. Export sale is mainly to Nepal. Revenues from external customers attributed to foreign country are Nil (March 31, 2022: Rs. 798.74 lakhs). Non-current assets located in foreign country Rs. NIL (March 31 2022: Rs. NIL). Revenues from Domestic customers are Rs. 2,280.39 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs. 20,781.52 lakhs). Non-current assets located in India Rs. 39,212.48 lakhs (March 31, 2022 Rs. 43,006.60 lakhs). Non-current assets located in India Rs. 39,212.48 lakhs (March 31, 2022 Rs. 43,006.60 lakhs). Non-current assets for this purpose consist of Property, plant and equipment, Capital Work-in-Progress and Right of Use Assets. The Company had made sales (net of GST) of Rs. 734.78 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs. 3,335.62 lakhs) and Rs. 274.48 lakhs (March 31, 2022: Rs.209.13 lakhs) to two parties during the year for more than 10% of total sales.

- **47.** The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits has received Indian Parliament's approval and Presidential assent in September 2020. However, the effective dates of the Code and final rules for quantifying the financial impact are yet to be notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.
- **48.** The Company has been served notices by Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT"), Cuttack in response to the petitions filed u/s 7 of Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016 by four operational creditors/others. The Company has contested the petition by filing its objections/ settlement proposal. No case has been admitted by Hon'ble NCLT so far and the petitions are pending for disposal by court.
- **49.** Certain balances of Trade Receivables, Advances from Customers, Advances to suppliers, Trade Payables, Dealers etc. are subject to confirmations. In the opinion of the Management, no major adjustment will be required to be made in the books of account on receipt of these confirmations and subsequent to their reconciliations.

50. (A) Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

i) Details of Benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made there under as at March 31, 2023.

ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has not borrowed any money from bank or financial institution during the year against security of current assets, hence this clause is not applicable to the Company.

iii) Willful defaulter

The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank, financial institution or lender as at March 31, 2023.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

iv) Relationship with struck off companies

There is no transaction during the year with or outstanding balance of the struck off companies as at March 31, 2023.

v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company does not have any subsidiary company. Hence this, clause is not applicable.

vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

During the year, no scheme of arrangements in relation to the company has been approved by the competent authority in terms of Section 232 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, this clause is not applicable to the company.

vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium.

During the year, the Company has not advanced or lend or invested funds (either from the borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any person or entity, including foreign entity (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The Company has not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entity (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

viii) Undisclosed income

The company does not have any unrecorded transactions in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as Income during the year in the tax assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year ended March 31, 2023.

- x) Valuation of Property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-ofuse assets) during the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.
- xi) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies There are no charges or satisfaction which are pending to be registered with the Registrar of Companies as on March 31, 2023.

(B) Other Statutory information

- i) As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company was not required to spend any amount on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- **ii)** There was no amount outstanding and due for transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund during the year ended March 31,2023.



The Company has no long-term contracts including derivative contracts having material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2023 other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

- iv) There is no Core Investment Company within the group as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
- v) The Company has not received any whistleblower complaint during the year ended March 31, 2023.
- vi) The Company have not declared/paid any dividend during the year, hence the compliance of section 123 of the Act is not applicable.
- vii) There is neither any fraud by the Company nor on the company noticed or reported during the year.
- viii) There are no loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to Promoters, Directors, KMPs and their related parties(as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) either severally or jointly with any person that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

SI.				Ratios			Explanation
No.	Name of the Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	F.Y 2022-23	F.Y 2021-22	Variance (%)	for where variation exceeds 25%
1	Current Ratio (in times)	Current assets	Current liabilities	0.09	0.09	-	-
2	Debt – Equity Ratio (in times)	Debts(Outstan ding Liabilities)	Equity (Shareholder's Fund)	_*	_*	-	-
3	Debt Service coverage ratio (in times)	Earnings available for debt service	Debt service	_**	_**	-	-
4	Return on equity (in %)	Net profit (PAT)	Average Equity (Average Shareholder's Fund)	_*	_*	-	-
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio (in times)	Cost of Goods sold	Average Inventory	6.71	13.77	(51.27) %	Due to less production during the year and carryover of old inventories.
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)	Net sales	Average Trade Receivables	85.71	73.63	(16.41)%	-
7	Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Net purchase	Average trade payables	0.10	1.23	(91.87) %	Delays in payments to the suppliers due to shortage of working capital and reduction in purchases during the year.
8	Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	Net sales	Working Capital	_*	_*	-	
9	Net profit Margin (in %)	Net Profit	Net sales	(280.95%)	(29.53%)	(851.41%)	Due to halt of operations and incurrence of fixed costsand other costs.
10171	DReturn on capital? employed (in	Earnings before interest and tax	Capital employed	_*	_*	-	-
AT CONTRACT	Return on investment (in %)	-	-	_***	_***	-	-

51. Accounting Ratios

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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Note:

*Shareholder Funds, Working Capital and Capital Employed is negative, therefore, related ratios are not measured.

**Earning for available for debt services after considering qualification impact is negative, therefore, ratio is not measured.

*** No Investment made by the Company; therefore, ratio is not measured.

Definitions:

- (a) Earning for available for debt services = Profit/(loss) after taxes +Non cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like loss on sale of Property, plant and equipment etc.
- (b) Debt (outstanding Liabilities) = Borrowings + Lease Liabilities
- (c) Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments.
- (d) Average inventory = (opening inventory balance + Closing inventory balance)/ 2
- (e) Net sales = Gross sales minus sales return.
- (f) Average trade receivables = (opening trade receivables balance + Closing trade receivables balance) / 2
- (g) Net purchase = Gross purchases minus purchase return
- (h) Average trade payables = (opening trade payables balance + Closing trade payables balance)/ 2
- (i) Working capital = Current assets Currents liabilities
- (j) Earnings before interest and taxes = profit before + Finance costs (Borrowings & Lease)
- (k) Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability
- (I) Net Profit = Profit after tax before OCI

52. Earnings per Share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year (before OCI) (Rs. in lakhs)	(6406.64)	(6372.26)
Weighted average number of Equity Shares	379,684,800	379,684,800
Diluted average number of Equity Shares	379,684,800	379,684,800
Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	(1.69)	(1.68)
Diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(1.69)	(1.68)
Face value of each share (Rs.)	10	10

53. The Company's operations remain at halt for most of the period during the financial year ended March 31, 2023. Hence the performance of the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is not comparable with the previous financial year ended March 31, 2022, to that extent.



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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

54. Amounts in the financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs rounded off to two decimal places as permitted by Schedule III to the Act except where otherwise stated. Figures in brackets represent corresponding previous year figures.Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified/rearrangedwherever necessary to conform to the current year's classification.

As per our separate report of even date

For CHATURVEDI & PARTNERS Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 307068E

Anuj Mahansarja Partner Membership Number. 500819



out

Sandeep Sabharwal

Company Secretary

ACS 8370

For and on behalf of the Board

Manoj Gaur Director DIN 00008480

Amit Sharma Director & C.E.O. DIN 00222828

Ram Bahadur Singh Vice Chairman DIN 00229692

Semwal Sati

Chief Financial Officer

Place: New Delhi Dated: May 24, 2023